# BORDERS & BOUNDARIES

HERITAGE AND ARCHITECTURE DESIGN STUDIO BY DAPHNE HOMAN

Heritage and Architecture MSc 1 2017 - 2018 AR1AR011

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February 2018, Faculty of Architecture, TU Delft

# FROM PRISON TO UNIVERSITY

A DESIGN FOR THE KOEPELGEVANGENIS IN HAARLEM

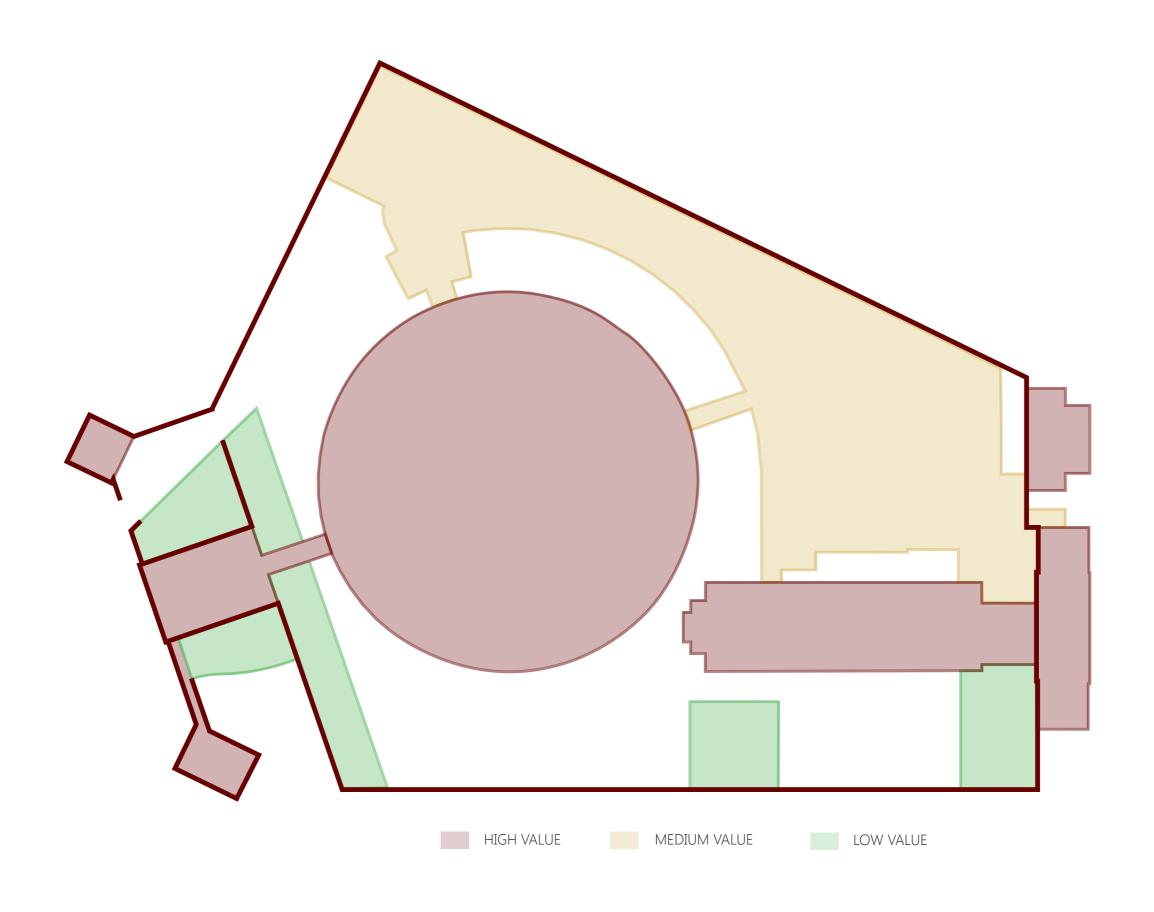
# **VALUE ASSESSMENT**

## QUALITIES IN HERITAGE VALUE MATRIX

BRAND +	AGE VALUE	HISTORICAL VALUE	AESTHETIC VALUE
SURROUNDINS / SETTING		Position in the city	Dominant in skyline of Haarlem
SITE	Different areas represented different ages and typologies	Prison wall	
SHAPE / VOLUME	Building represent the historical development of prisoners		Landmark
SKIN (exterior)	Colors and damages shows timespan of the building	Small windows show the function of the building	Style, rhythm, repetition
STRUCTURE	Steel structure represents industrial revolution	Use of traditional masonry	Steel structure shows the way the cupola is constructed
SPACE PLAN	Changes in organizing the floorplan	Panopticon typology	
SURFACE (interior)	Layers of paint	Cell doors  Writings, graffiti, paintings, refugees messages on the wall	Ventilation elements on top floor  Brick pattern (ornaments)
SERVICES			Ventilation elements as a service  Stone sinks
SPIRIT OF PLACE	Character and identity city of Haarlem	Historical character  Dome can connect different cultural activities	

# **VALUE ASSESSMENT**

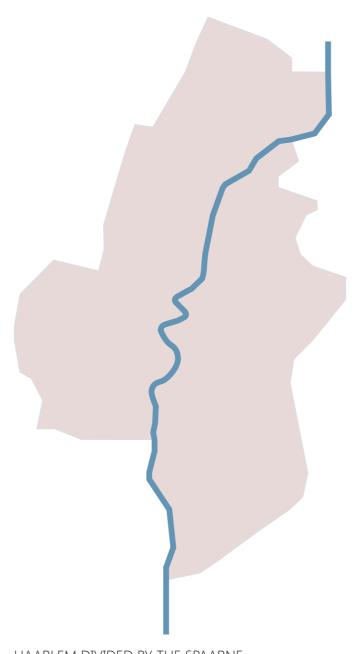
## QUALITIES IN FLOORPLAN



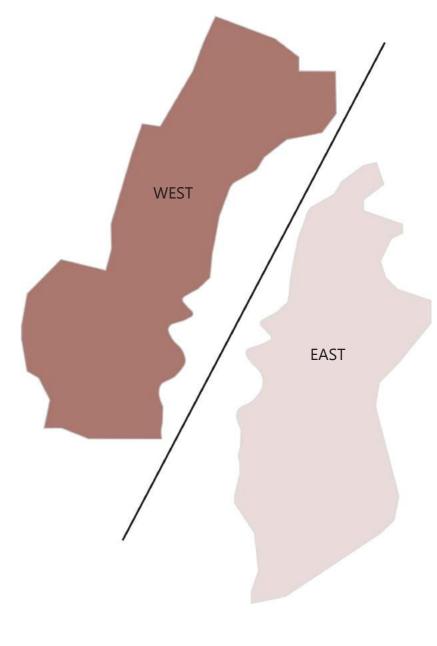
## **URBAN CONTEXT**







HAARLEM DIVIDED BY THE SPAARNE



BOUNDARY BETWEEN EAST- AND WEST-HAARLEM

## THE SPAARNE AS BORDER



THE SPAARNE SEPARATES EAST- FROM WEST-HAARLEM

## **CULTURAL ACTIVITIES / LANDMARKS**



HAARLEM TRAIN STATION



SINT BAVOCHURCH



HAARLEM PUBLIC LIBRARY

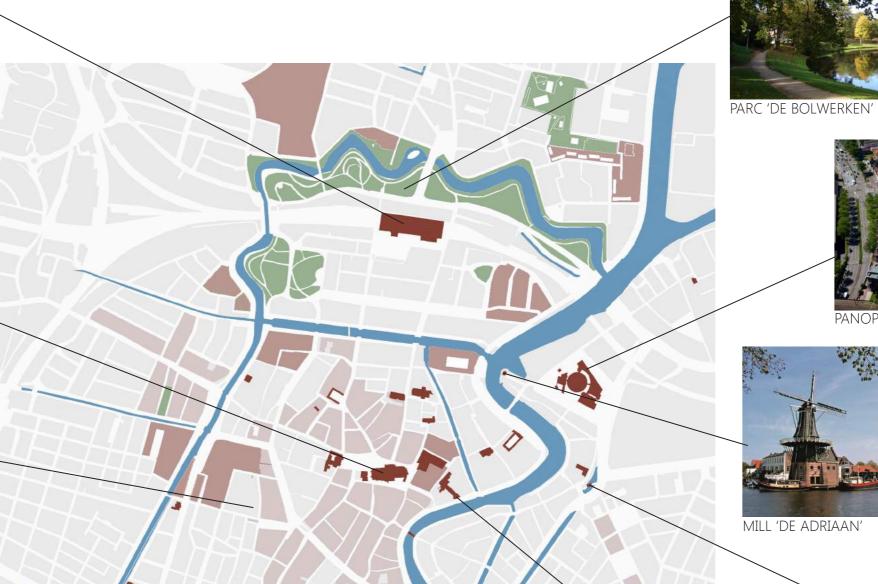


HISTORICAL MUSEUM HAARLEM



LANDMARKS

FRANS HALS MUSEUM



INDUSTRIAL AREA

COMMERCIAL AREA

HOUSING



PANOPTICUM PRISON



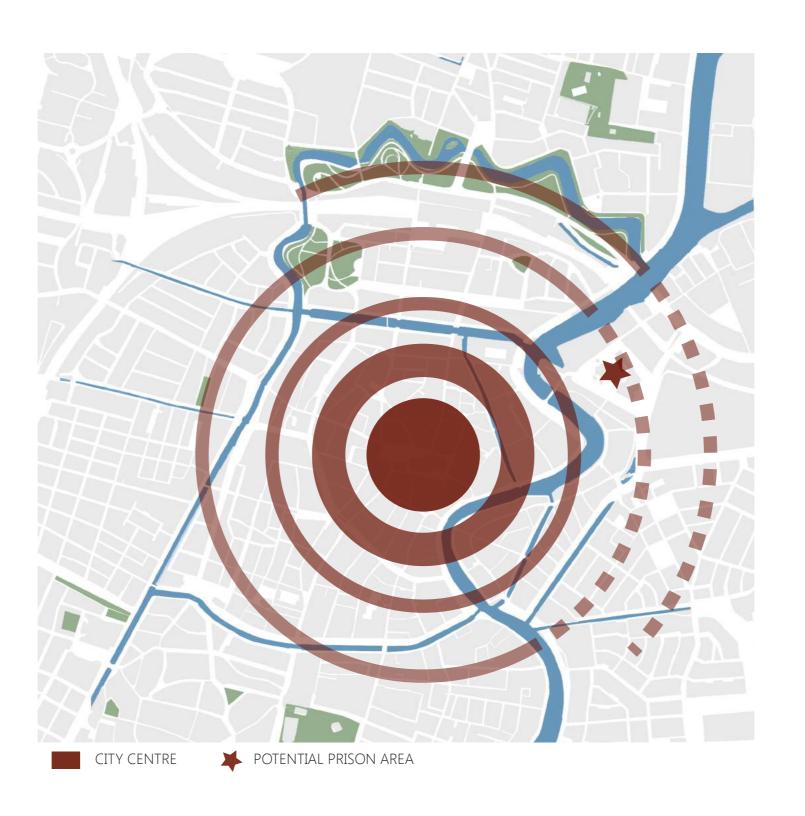
'AMSTERDAMSE POORT'



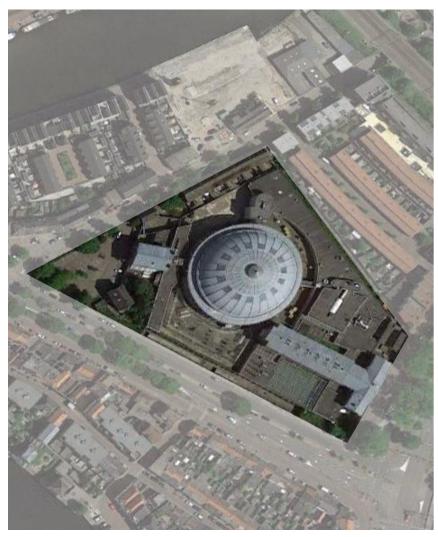
TEYLERS MUSEUM

# CONCLUSION

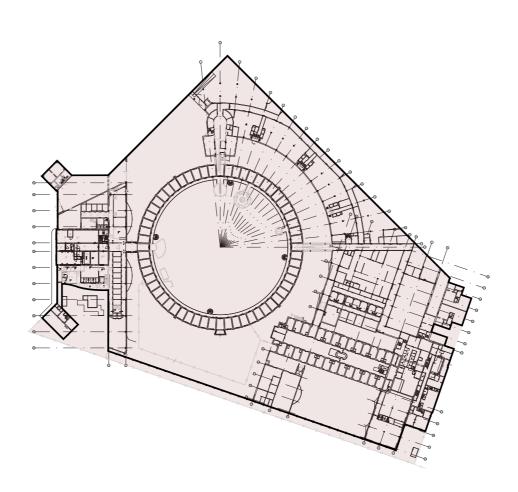
## URBAN SCALE: EXTENDING THE CITY CENTRE



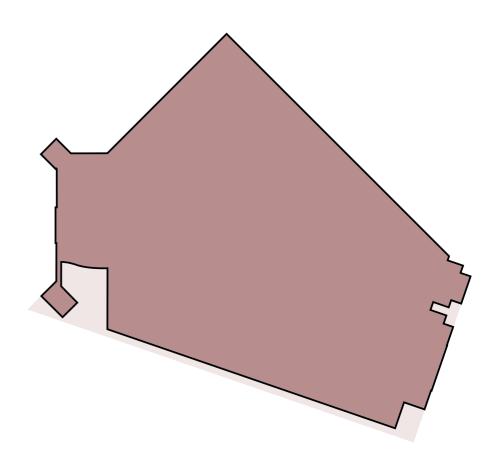
## PLOT CONTEXT







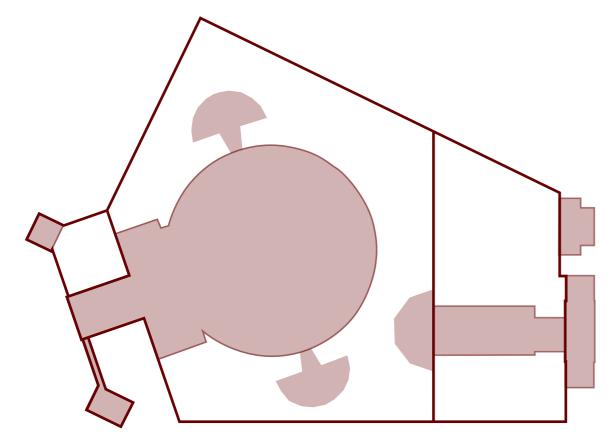
THE WALL AS SEPARATING ELEMENT



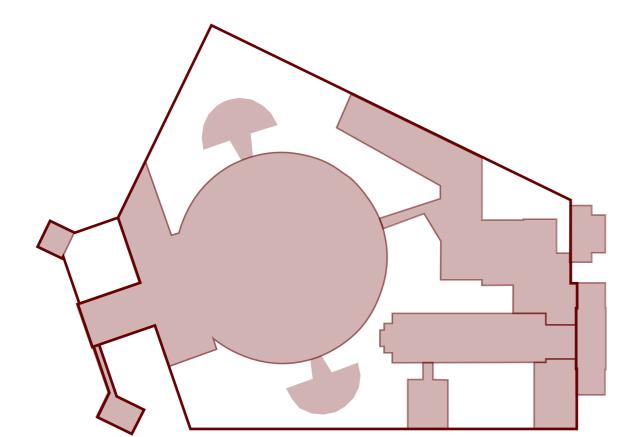
BOUNDARY BETWEEN THE CITY AND THE PLOT

## BORDERS CHANGING OVER TIME

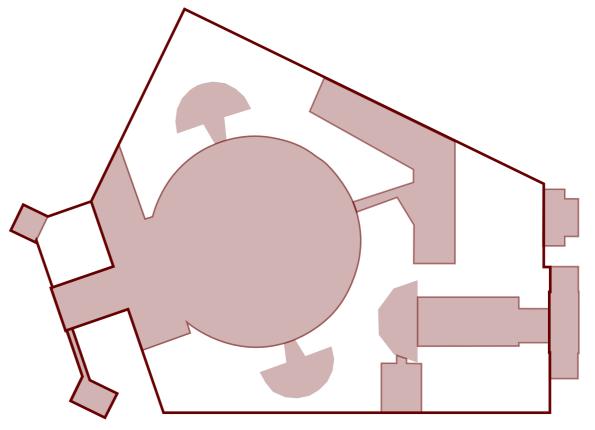




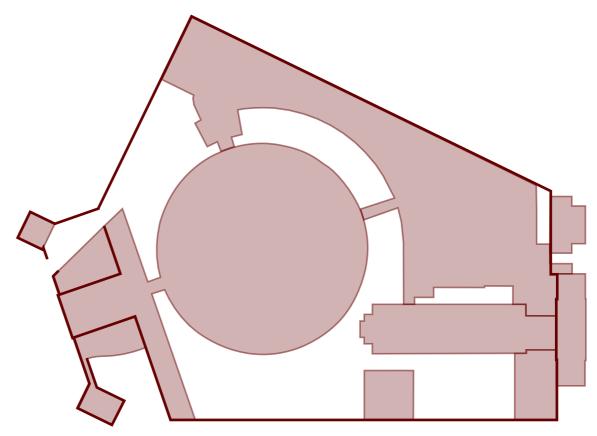
SITUATION IN 1901



SITUATION IN 1968 - SECOND RENOVATION

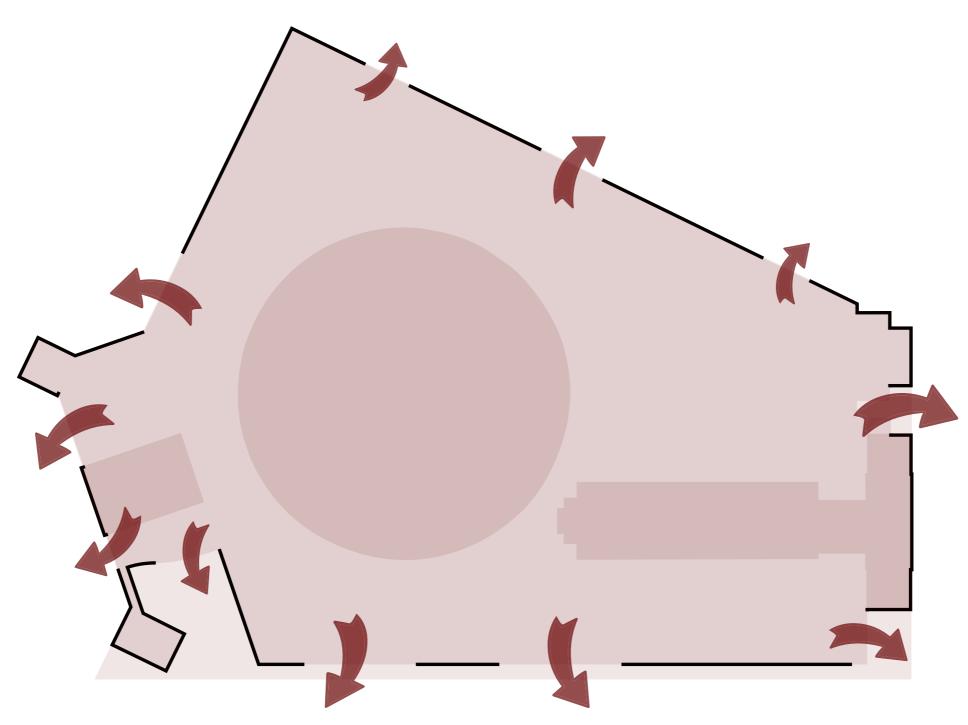


SITUATION IN 1922 - FIRST RENOVATION



SITUATION IN 1990 - THIRD RENOVATION

## BUILDING SCALE: OPENING THE PLOT

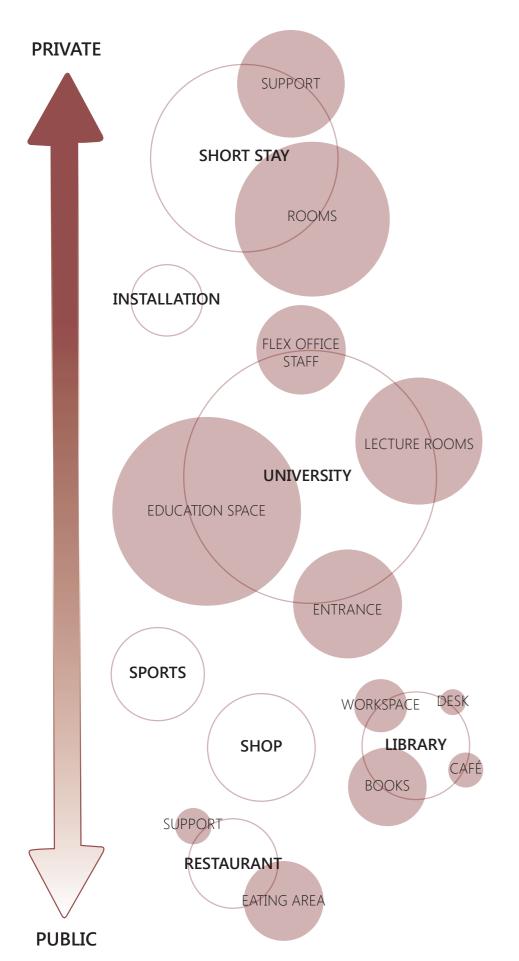


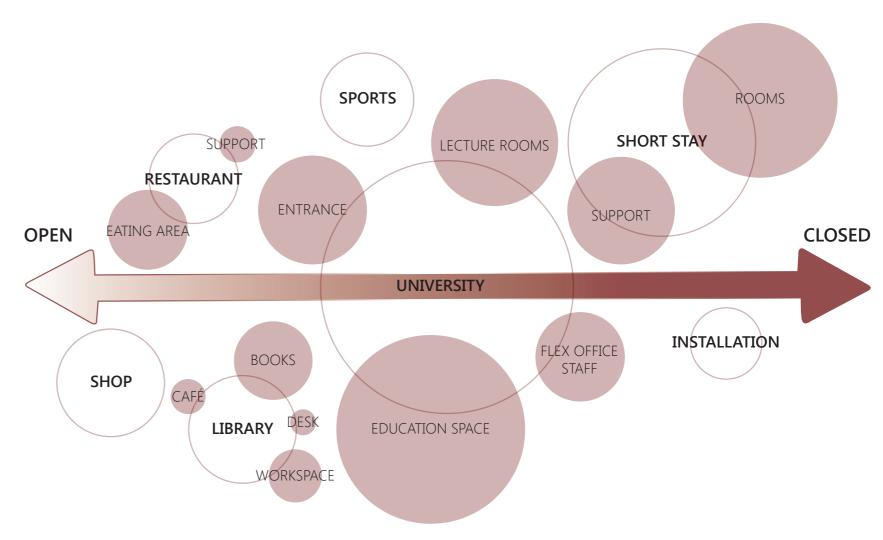
OPENING THE BORDER BETWEEN THE PLOT AND THE CITY

### **OVERVIEW PROGRAM**

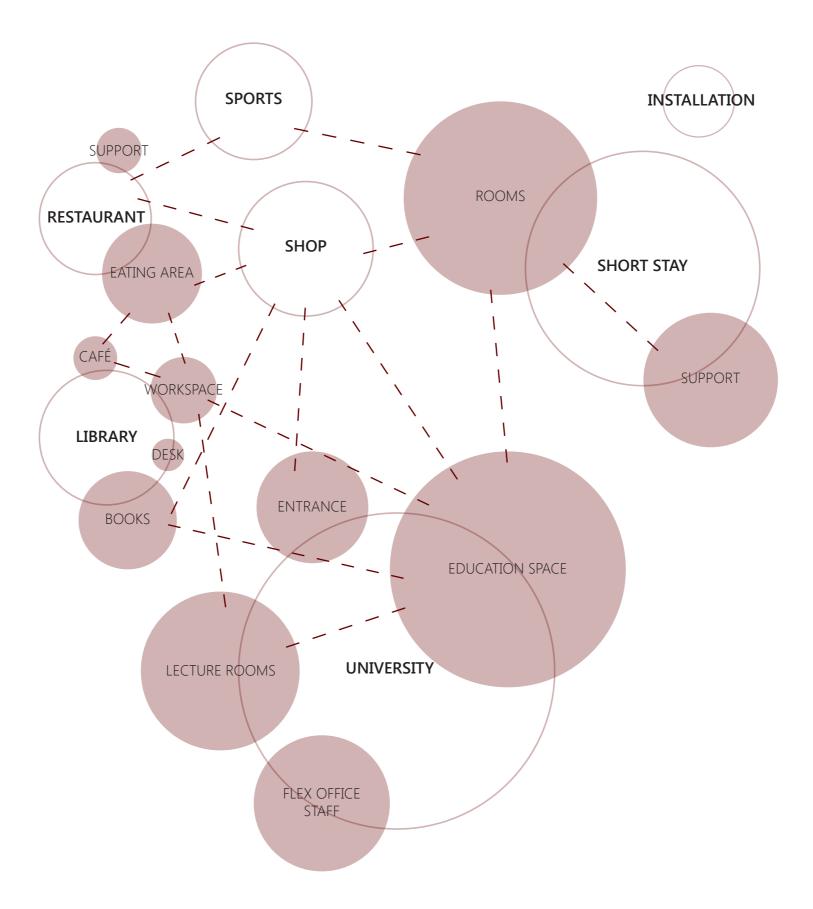


#### **ORGANIZING THE FUNCTIONS**

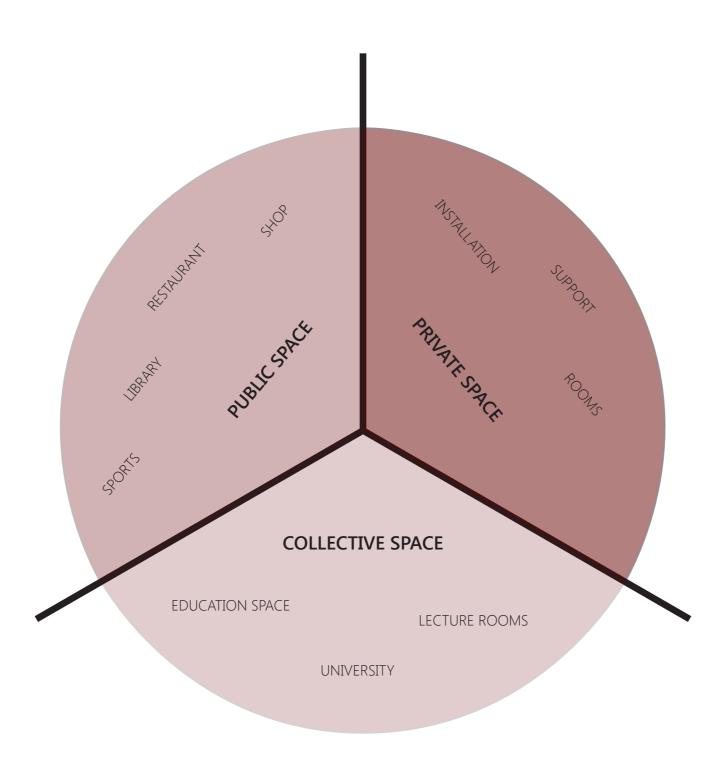




#### CONNECTING THE FUNCTIONS

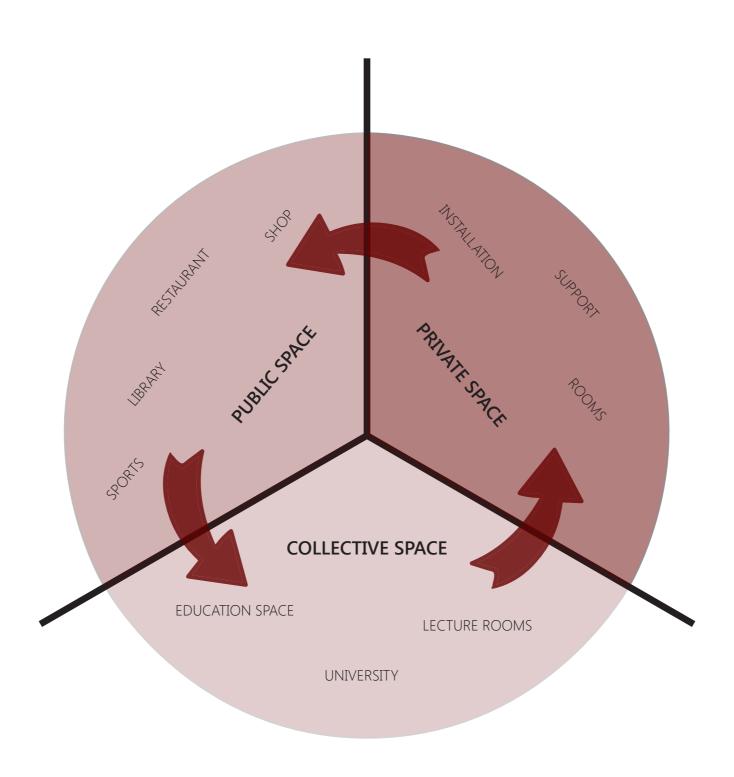


CONNECTION BETWEEN FUNCTIONS



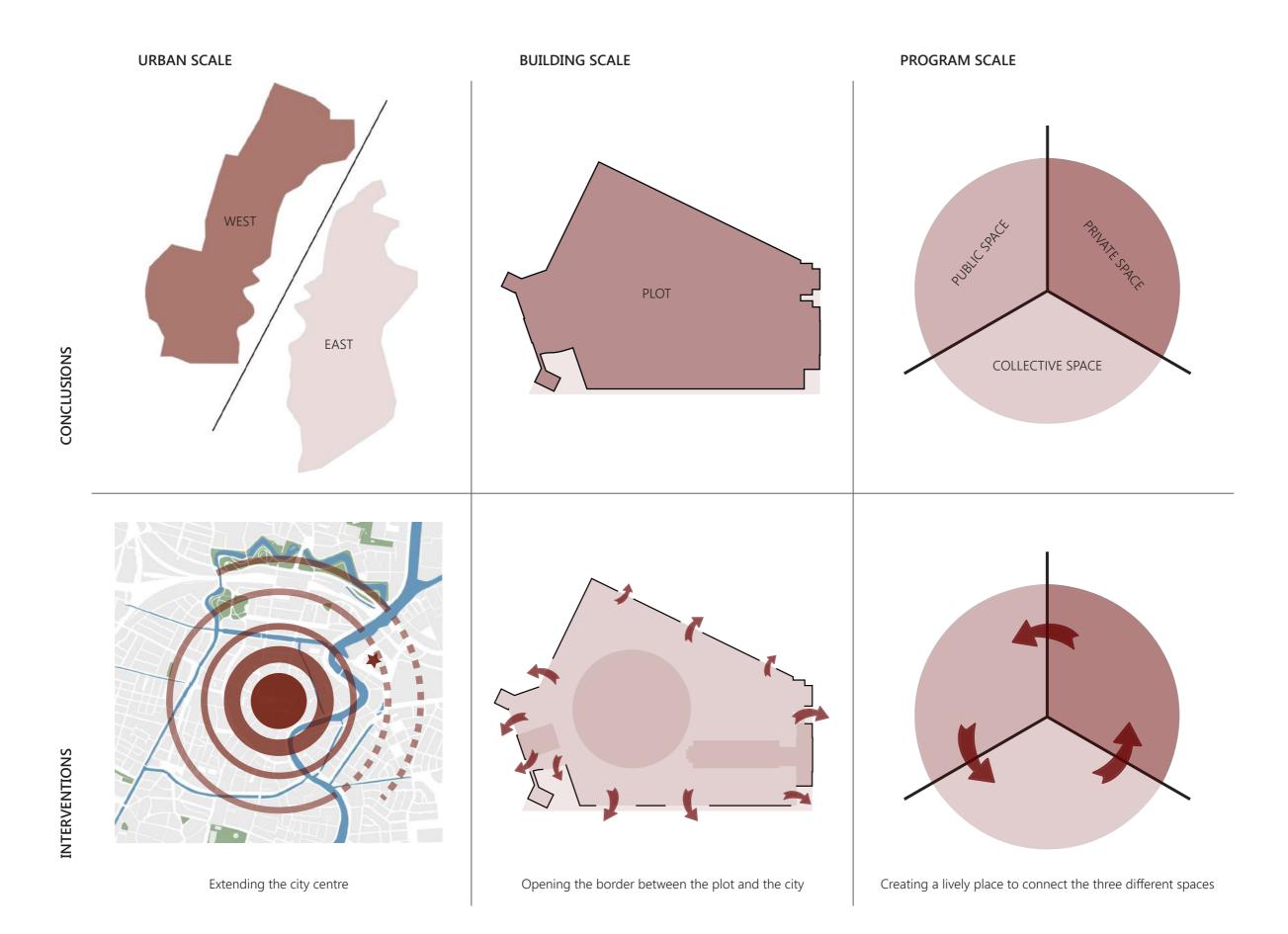
# CONCLUSION

## PROGRAM: BOUNDARIES & CONNECTIONS



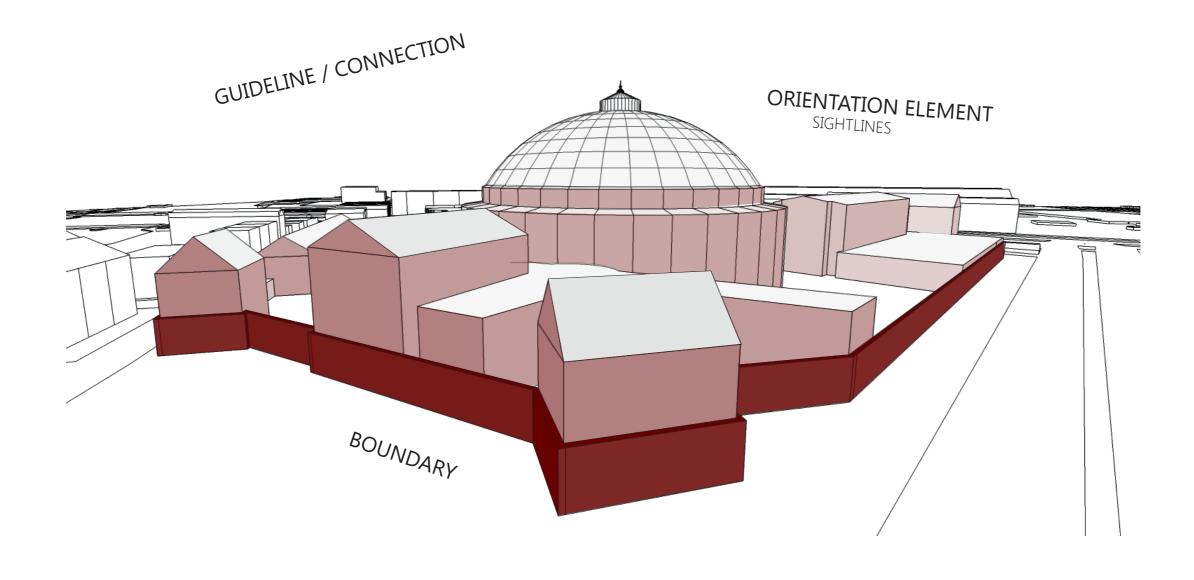
# **CONCLUSIONS & INTERVENTIONS**

### **BOUNDARIES ON THREE SCALES**



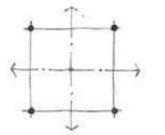
# **GUIDING THEME**

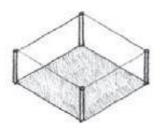
## **BORDERS & BOUNDARIES**



## **RESEARCH**

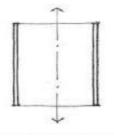
#### **VERTICAL SPACE DEFINING ELEMENTS**

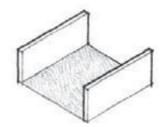




#### VERTICAL LINEAIR ELEMENTS

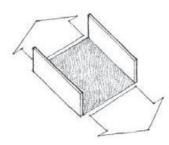
"When a column is located within a defined volume of space, it will generate a spatial field about itself and interact with the spatial enclosure."

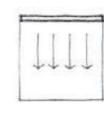


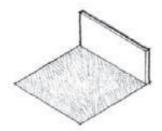


#### PARALLEL PLANES

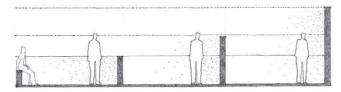
"A pair of parallel vertical planes defines a field of space between them. The open ends of the field give the space a strong directional quality."



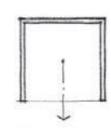


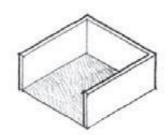


#### SINGLE VERTICAL PLANE



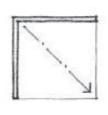
"The height of a vertical plane relative to our body height and eye level is the critical factor that affects the ability of the plane to visually describe space... and define a sense of enclosure."

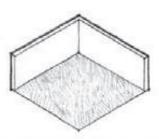




#### U-SHAPED PLANE

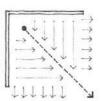
"A U-shaped configuration of vertical planes defines a field of space that has an inward focus as well as an outward orientation. The open end allows the field to have visual and spatial continuity with the adjoining space."

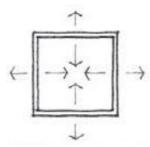


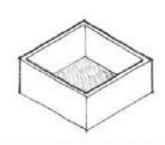


#### L-SHAPED PLANE

"While this field is strongly defined and enclosed at the corner of the configuration, it dissipates rapidly as it moves away from the corner."

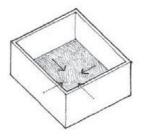






FOUR PLANES: CLOSURE

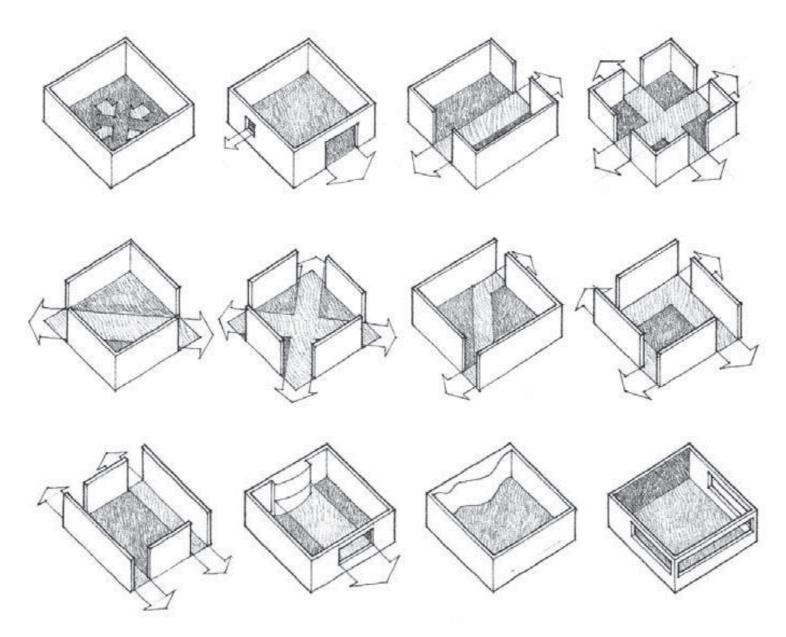
"Four vertical planes encompassing a field of space is the strongest type of spatial definition in architecture. Since the field is completely enclosed, its space is naturally introverted."



## **RESEARCH**

### OPENINGS IN SPACE-DEFINING ELEMENTS

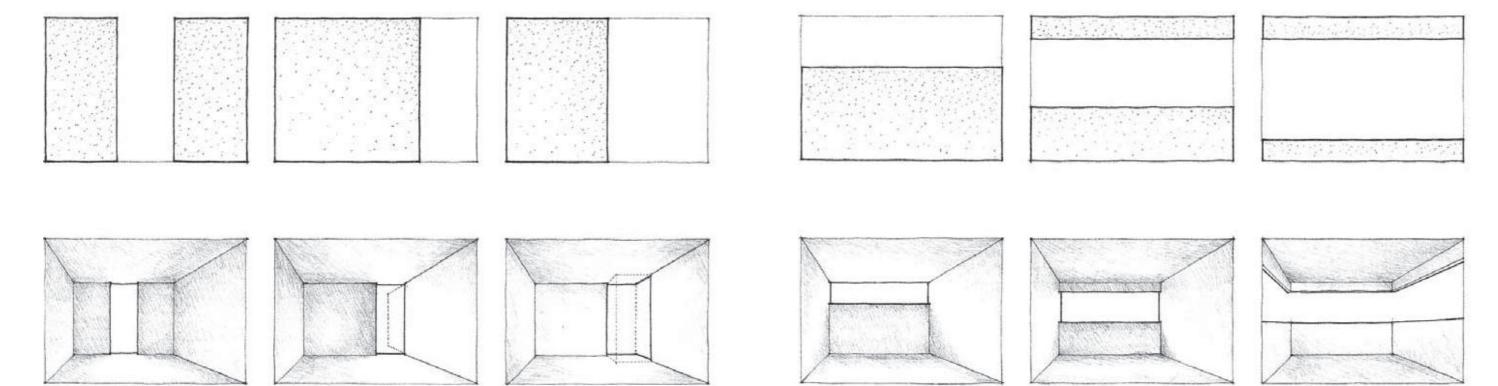
"No spatial or visual continuity is possible with adjacent spaces without openings in the enclosing planes of the spatial field."



WAYS OF OPENING THE ENCLOSING PLANES OF A SPATIAL FIELD

## **RESEARCH**

#### **OPENINGS BETWEEN PLANES**



#### VERTICAL OPENINGS BETWEEN PLANES

"A vertical opening that extends from the floor to the ceiling plane of a space visually separates and articulates the edges of the adjacent wall planes."

"If located at a corner, the vertical opening will erode the definition of the space and allow it to extend beyond the corner to the adjacent space."

#### HORIZONTAL OPENINGS BETWEEN PLANES

"A horizontal opening that extends across a wall plane will separate it into a number of horizontal layers. The opening will become a positive element when its depth is greater that the bands above and below it."

"A corner with a horizontal opening reinforces the horizontal layering of space and broadens the panoramic view from within the space."

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## **ATTITUDE**

#### **DESIGN APPROACH**

"Make smart use of what the building has to offer"

"Combine strong elements of the old to create something new"

"Looking to the building in a different perspective"

"Make changes when necessary"

"Use small interventions to make the building usable again"



NATLAB, SINT LUCAS SCHOOL, EINDHOVEN, THE NETHERLANDS - CEPEZED



ÄRIPÄEV OFFICE, TALLINN, ESTONIA - ARCHITECT 11



CENTRE OF DESIGN, MONS, BELGIUM - MATADOR ARCHITECTS

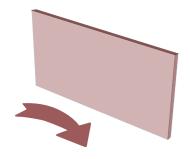
"Keep the intangible value in mind! Focus not only on the tangible value" "Keep the story of the place/ building"

"Recognize limitations as challenges or opportunities"

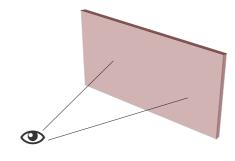
"Create a balance between old and new"

#### **BORDERS & BOUNDARIES**

#### **DESIGN TOOLS**



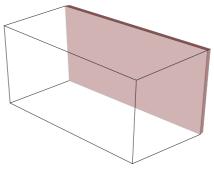




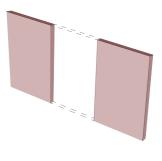
WALL AS ORIENTATION ELEMENT (SIGHTLINES)



ORIGINAL WALL

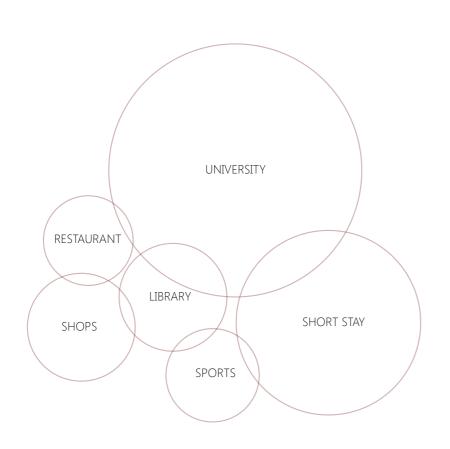


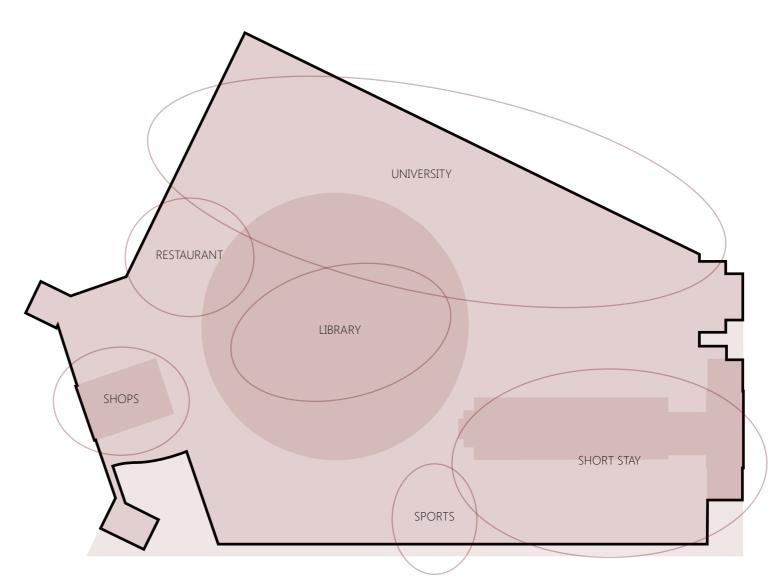
WALL AS BOUNDARY (STRENGTHEN THE BORDER)



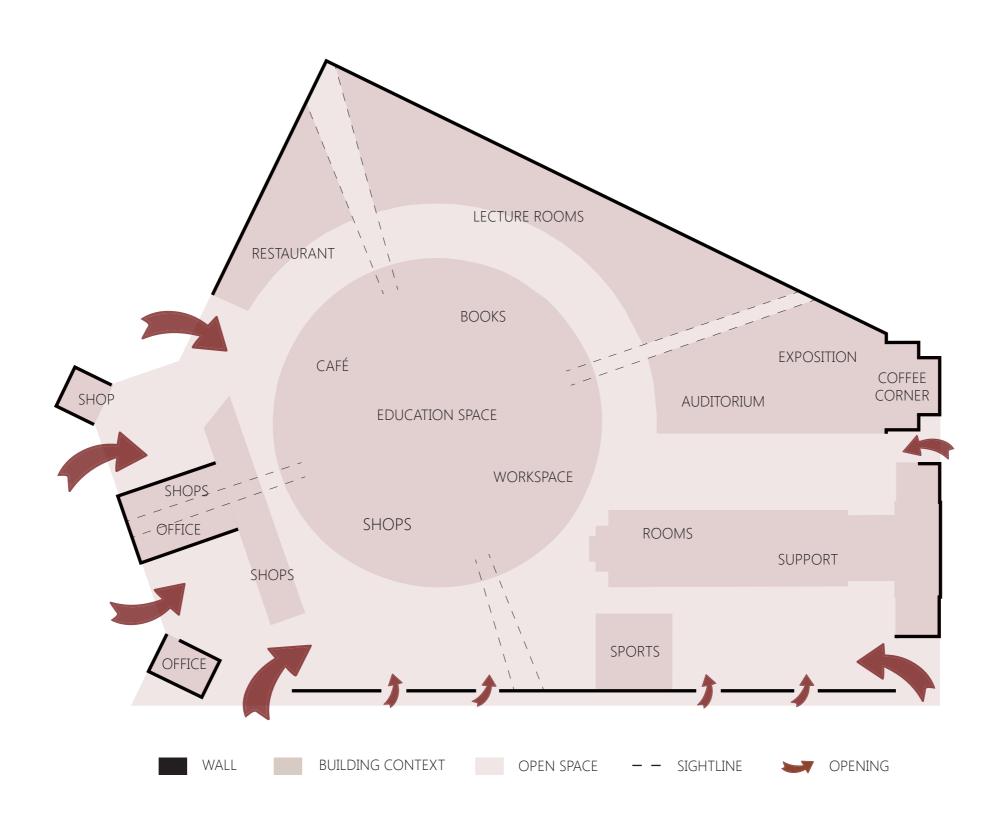
WALL AS BOUNDARY (WEAKEN THE BORDER)

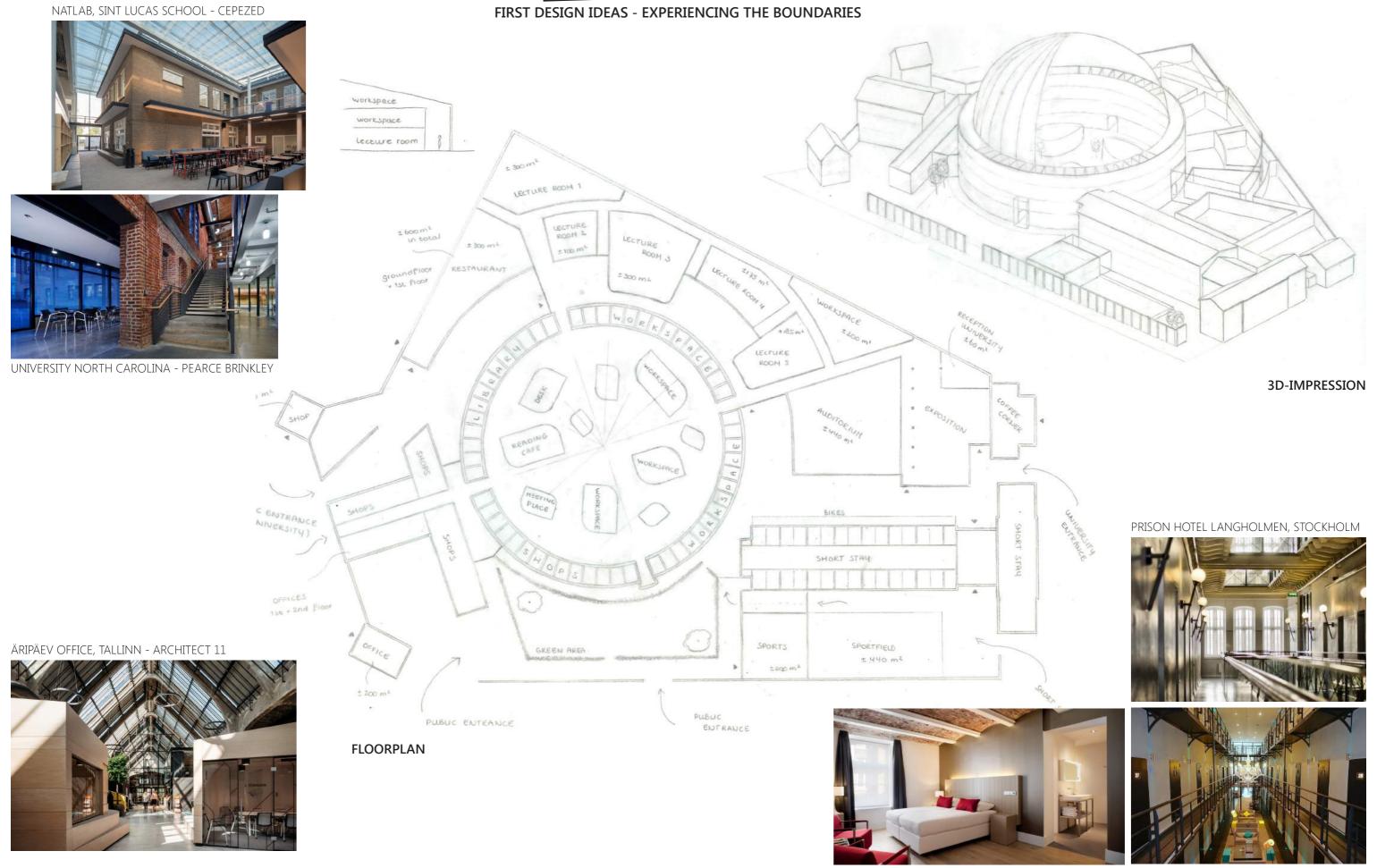
#### ORGANIZATION-SCHEME





### INTERVENTIONS ON BUILDING LEVEL

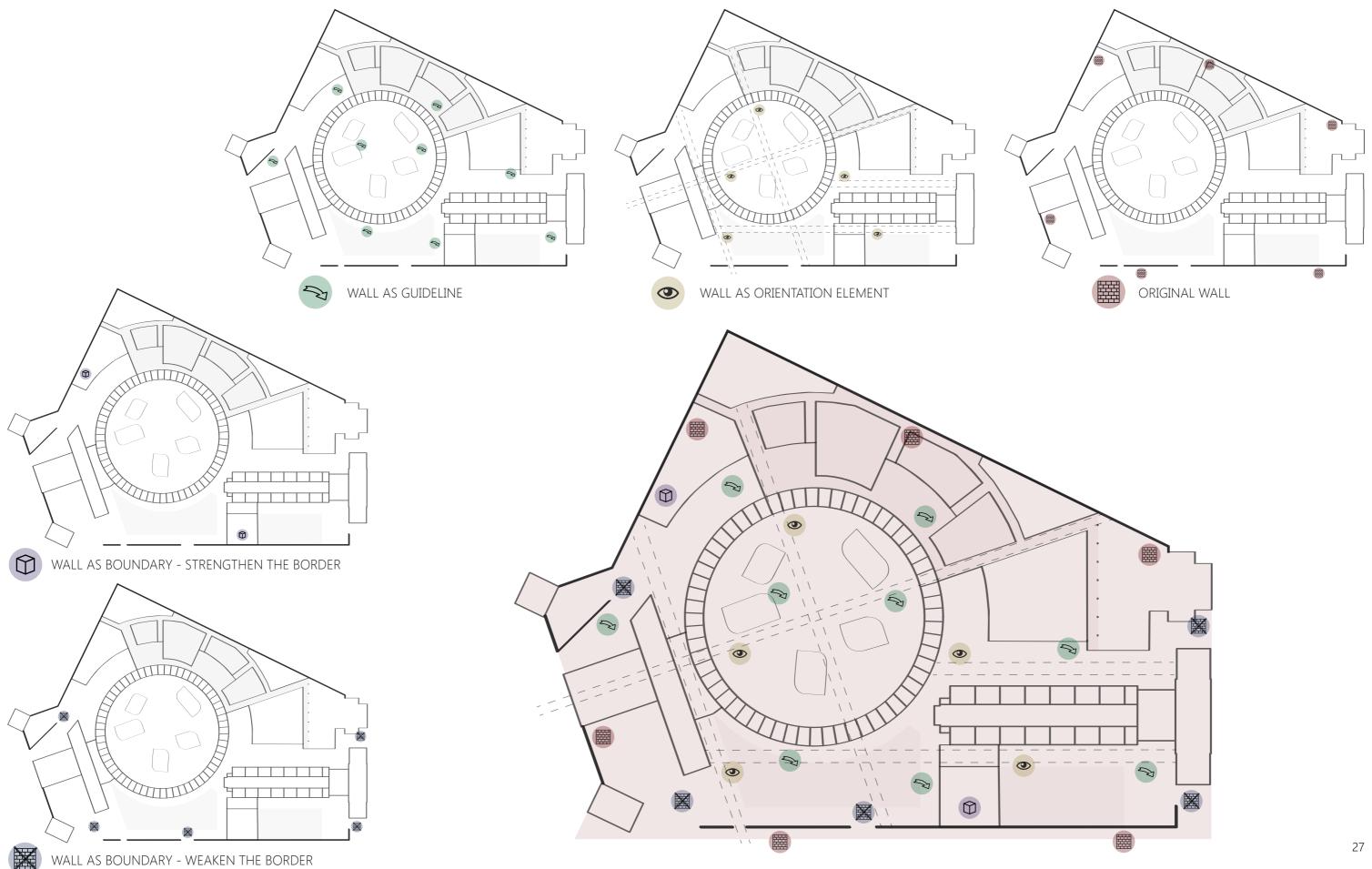




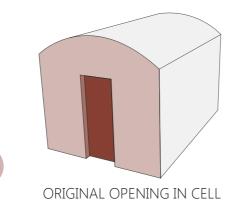
HOTEL 'HET ARRESTHUIS', ROERMOND - ENGELMAN ARCHITECTEN

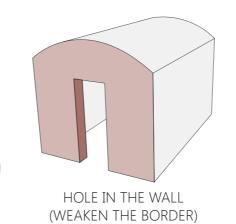
## **DESIGN**

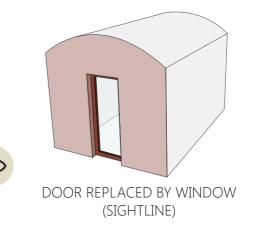
#### **INTERVENTIONS**

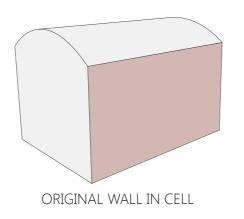


## CELL-TOOLBOX



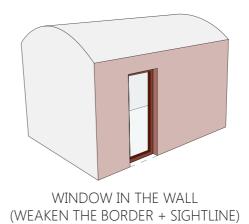




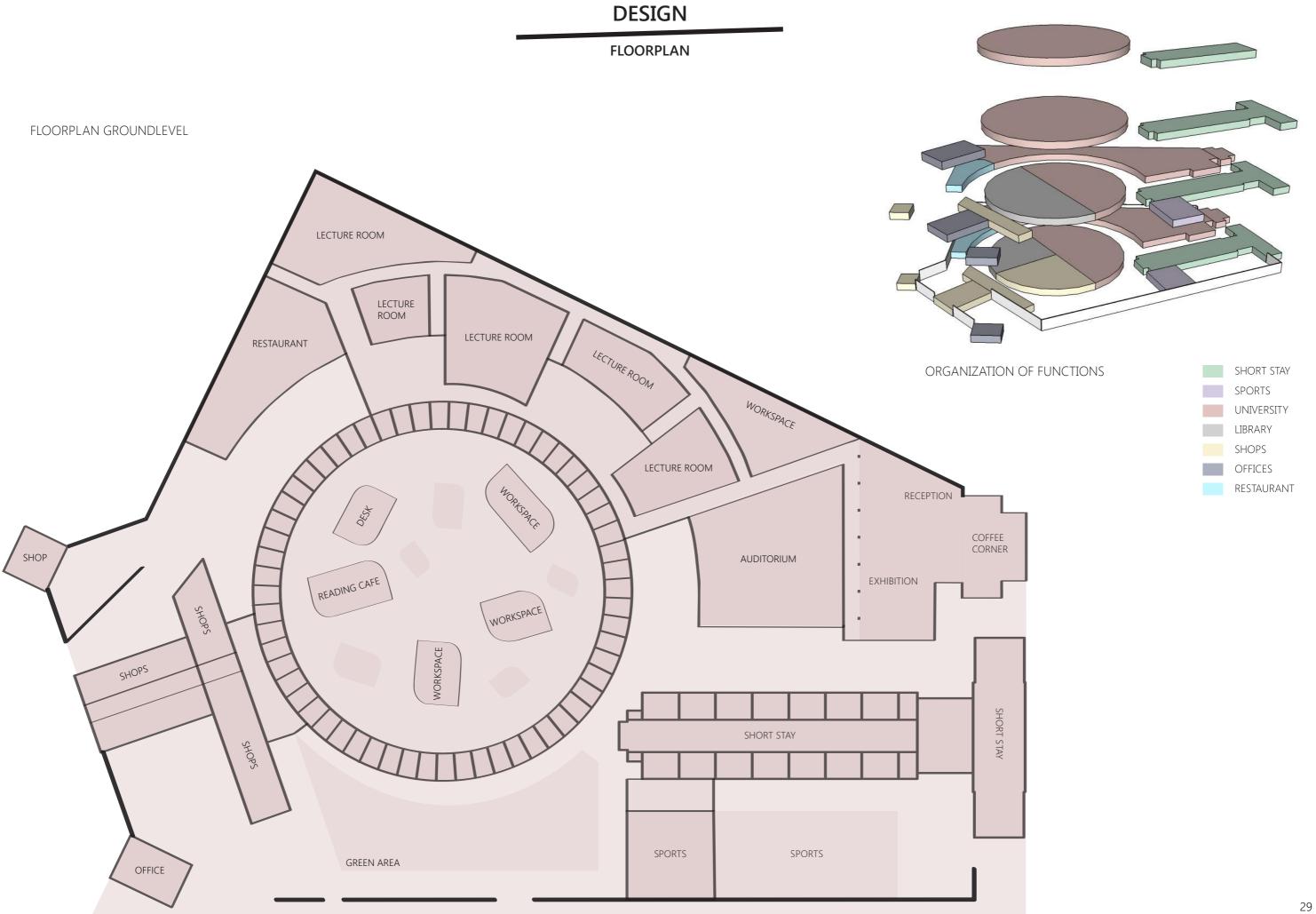




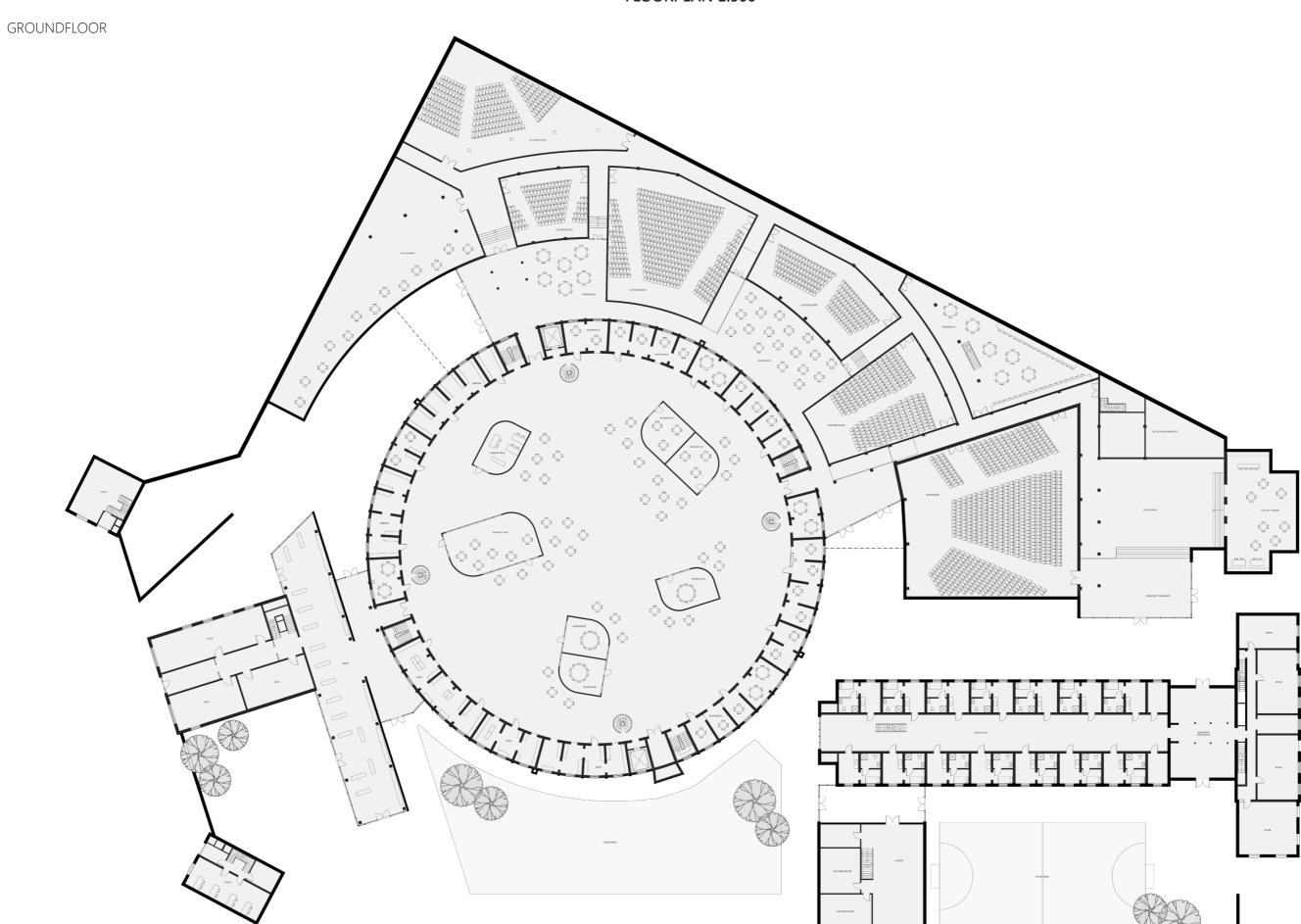


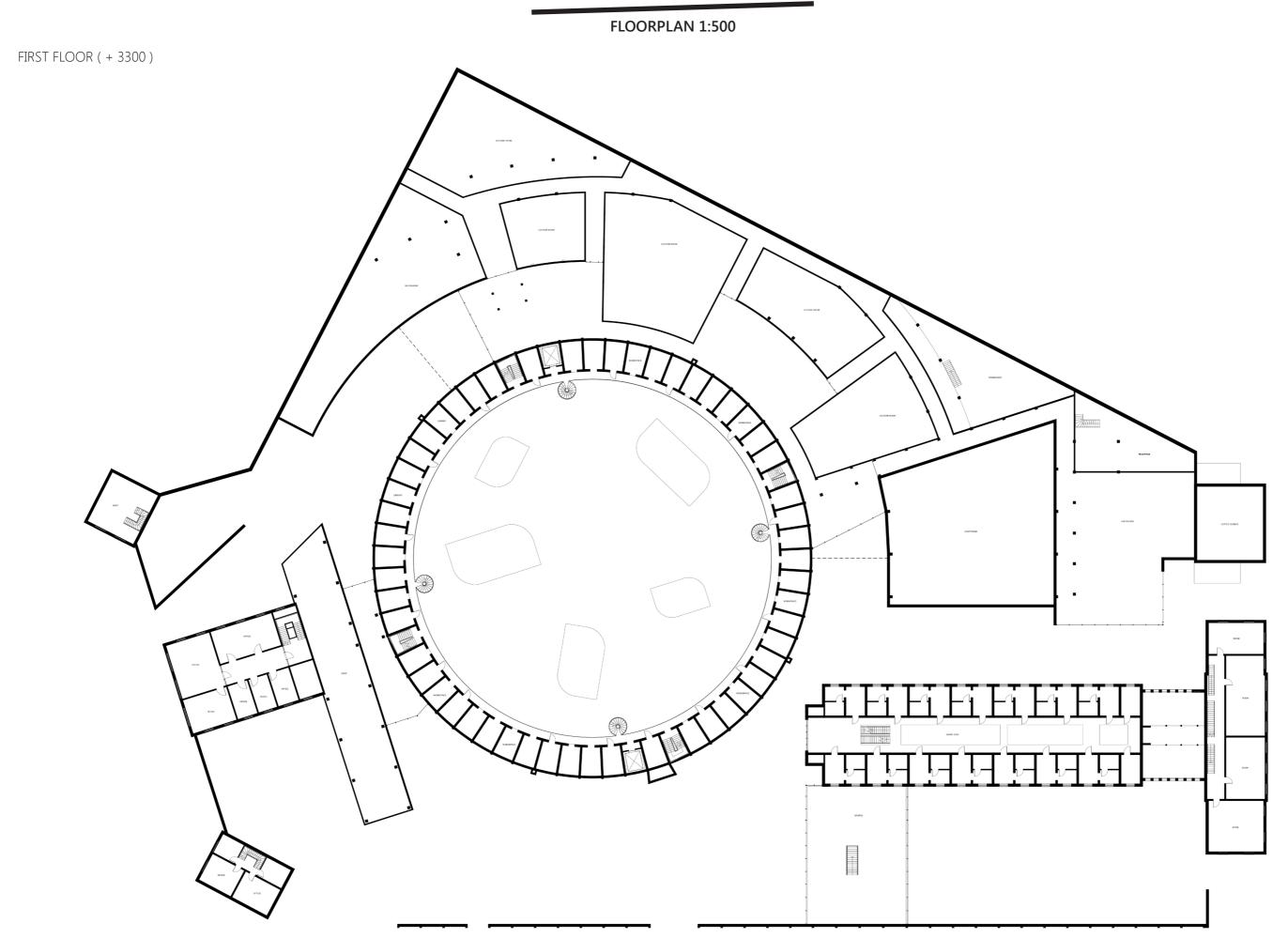


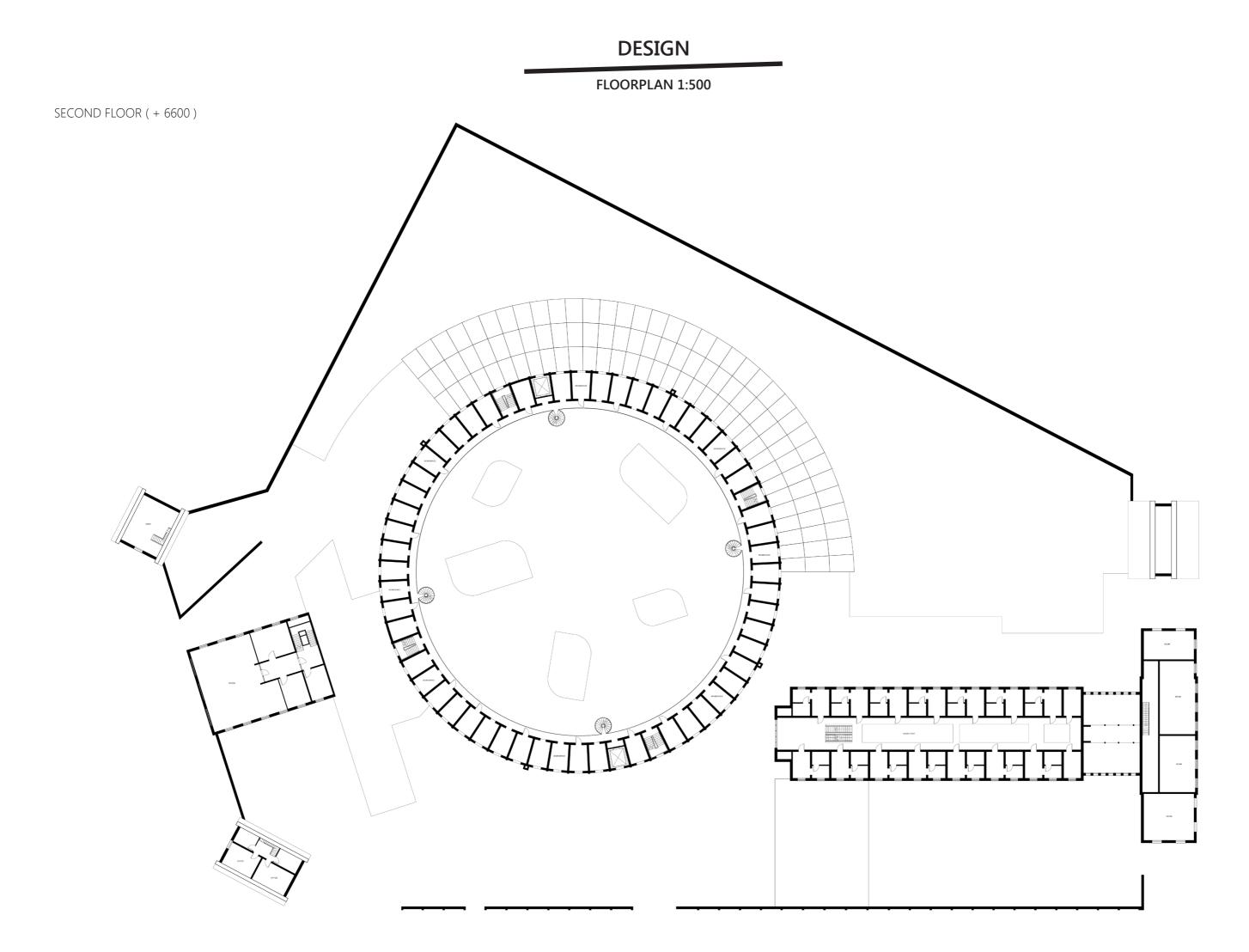


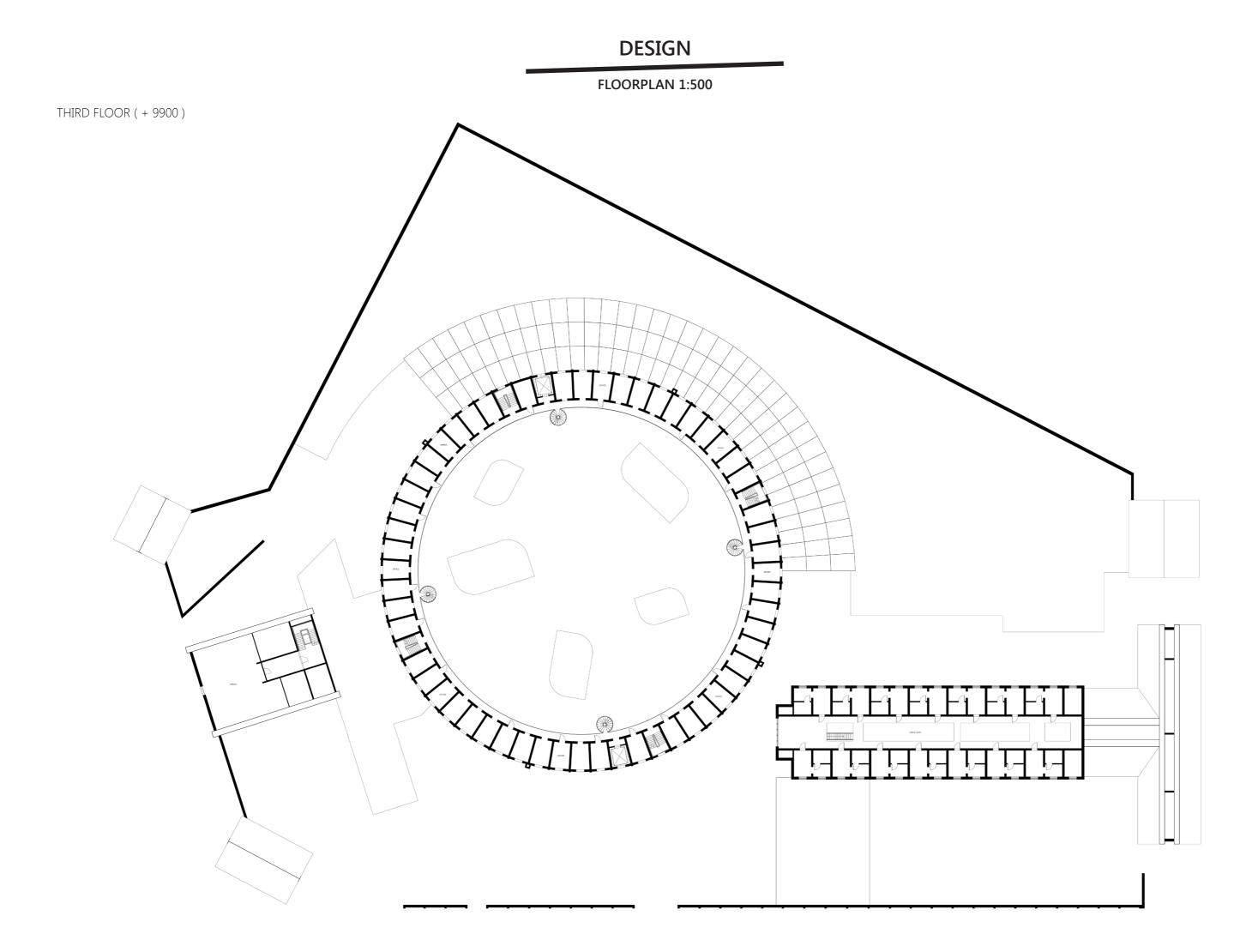


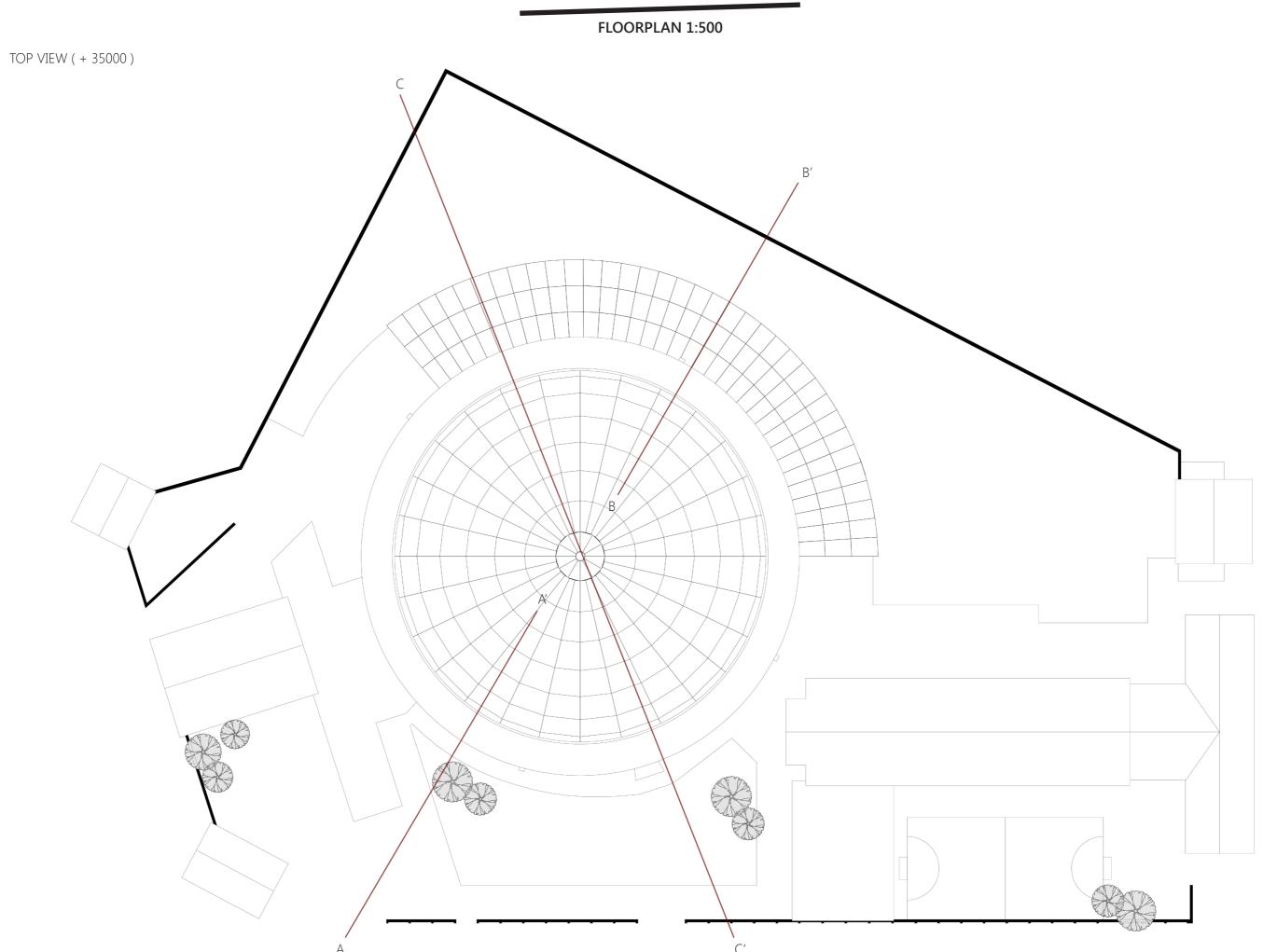
FLOORPLAN 1:500



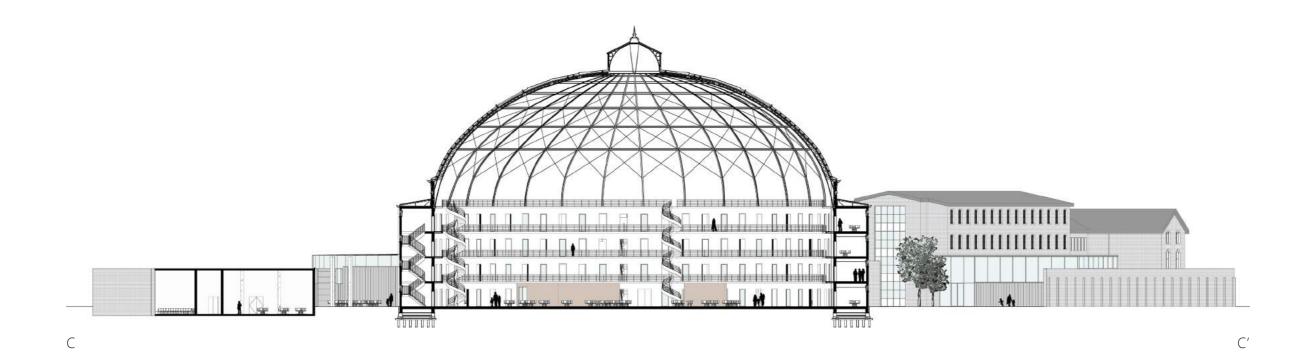




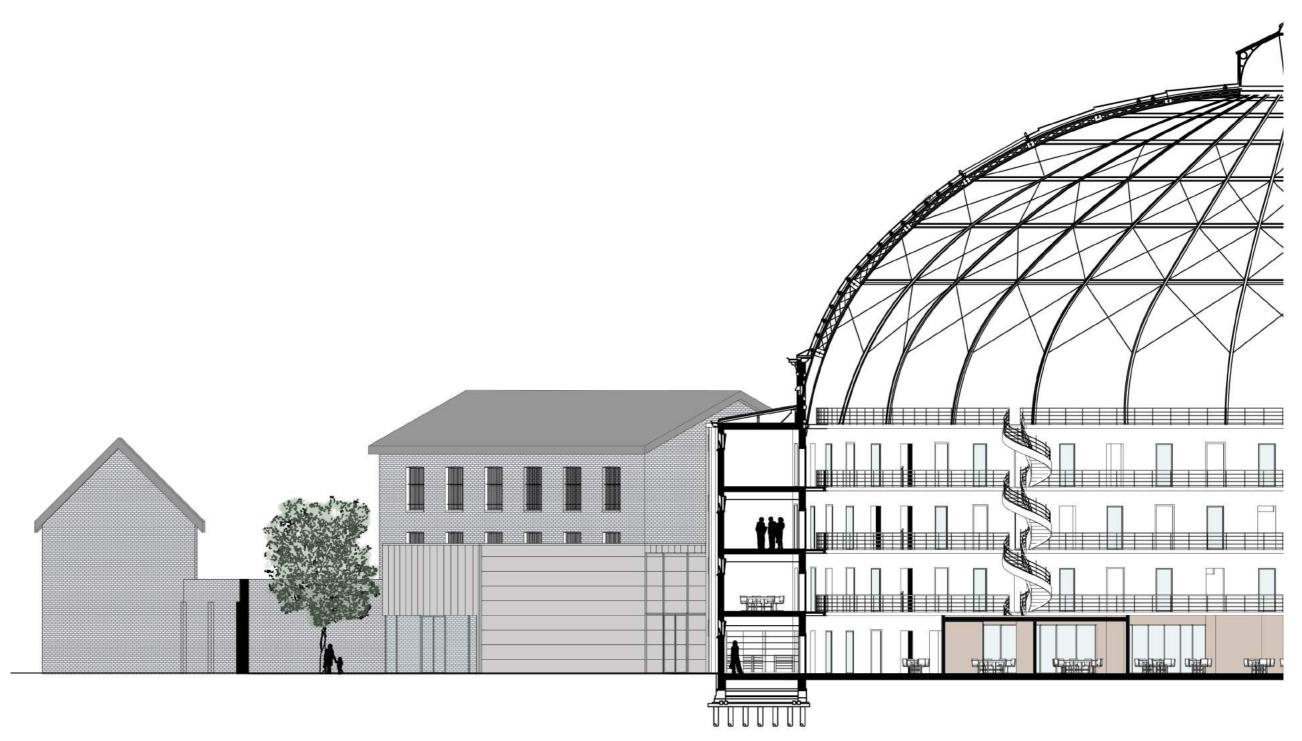




SECTION 1:500

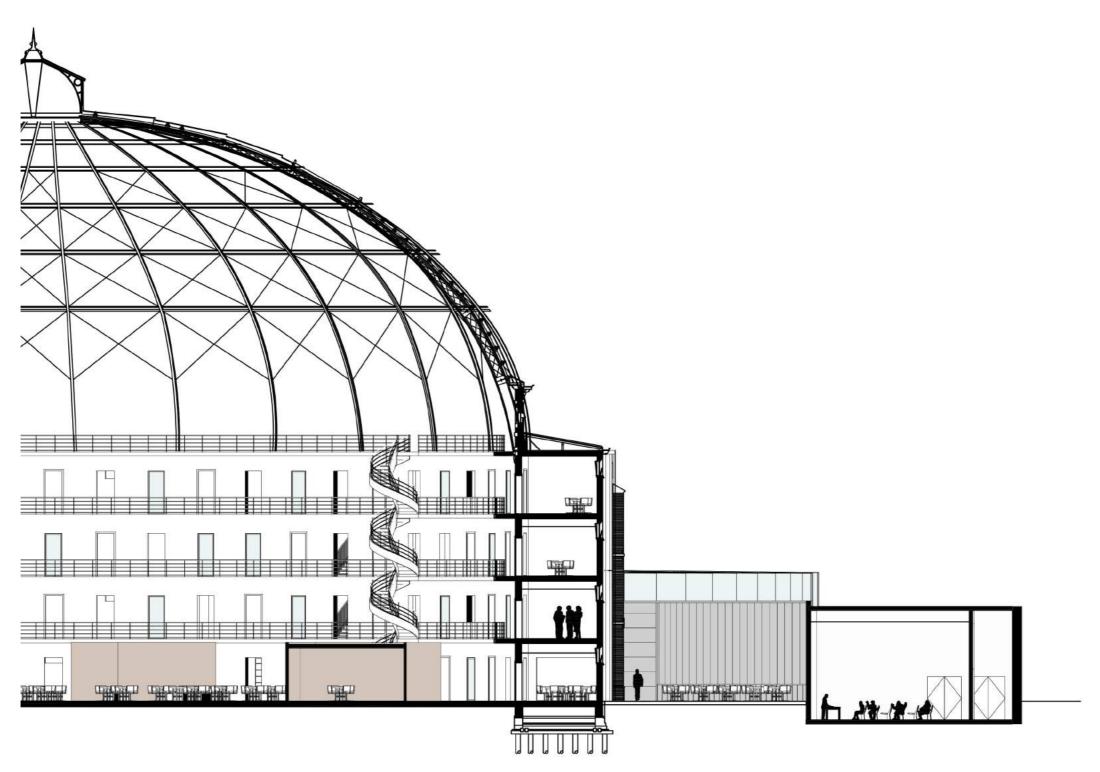


SECTION 1:200



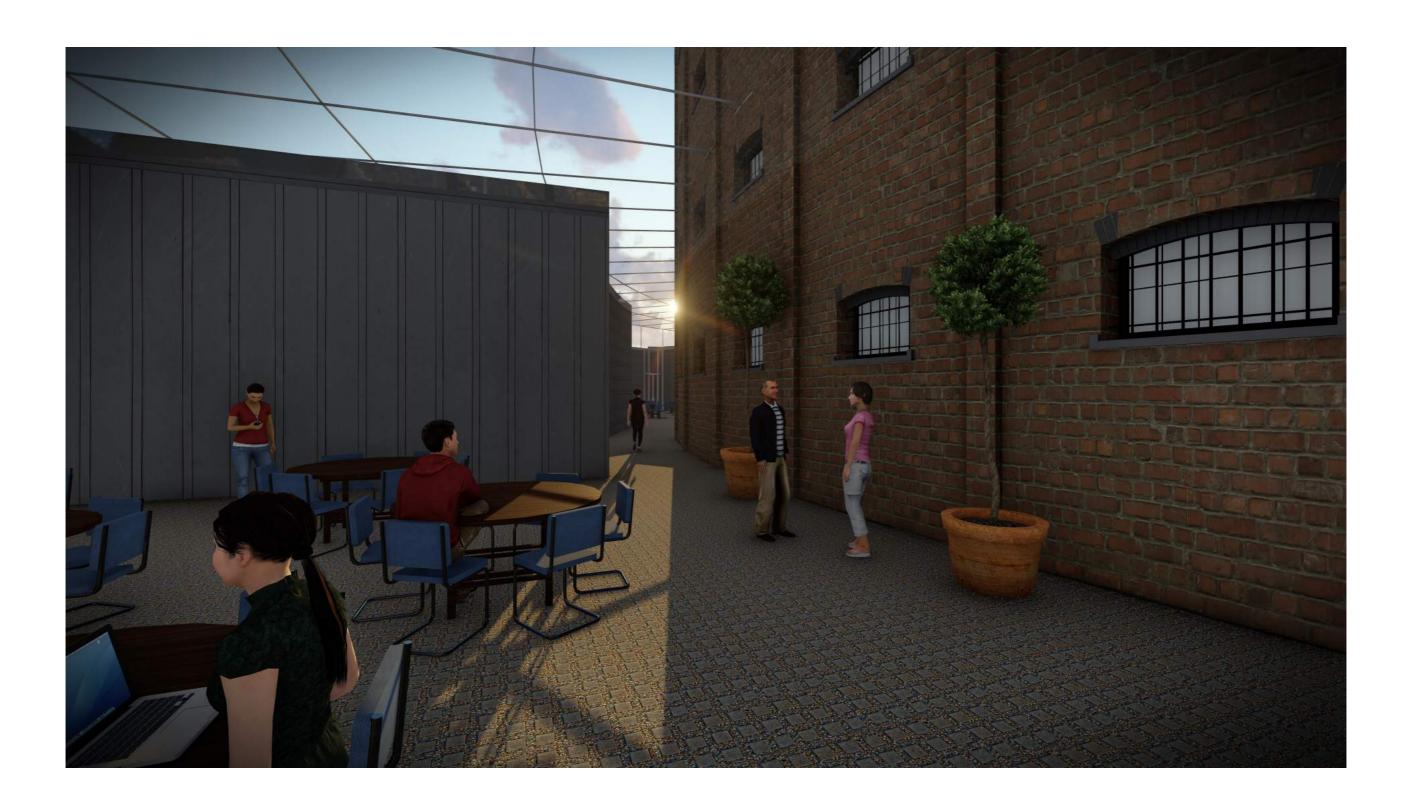
A A'

SECTION 1:200



 $\mathsf{B}$ 

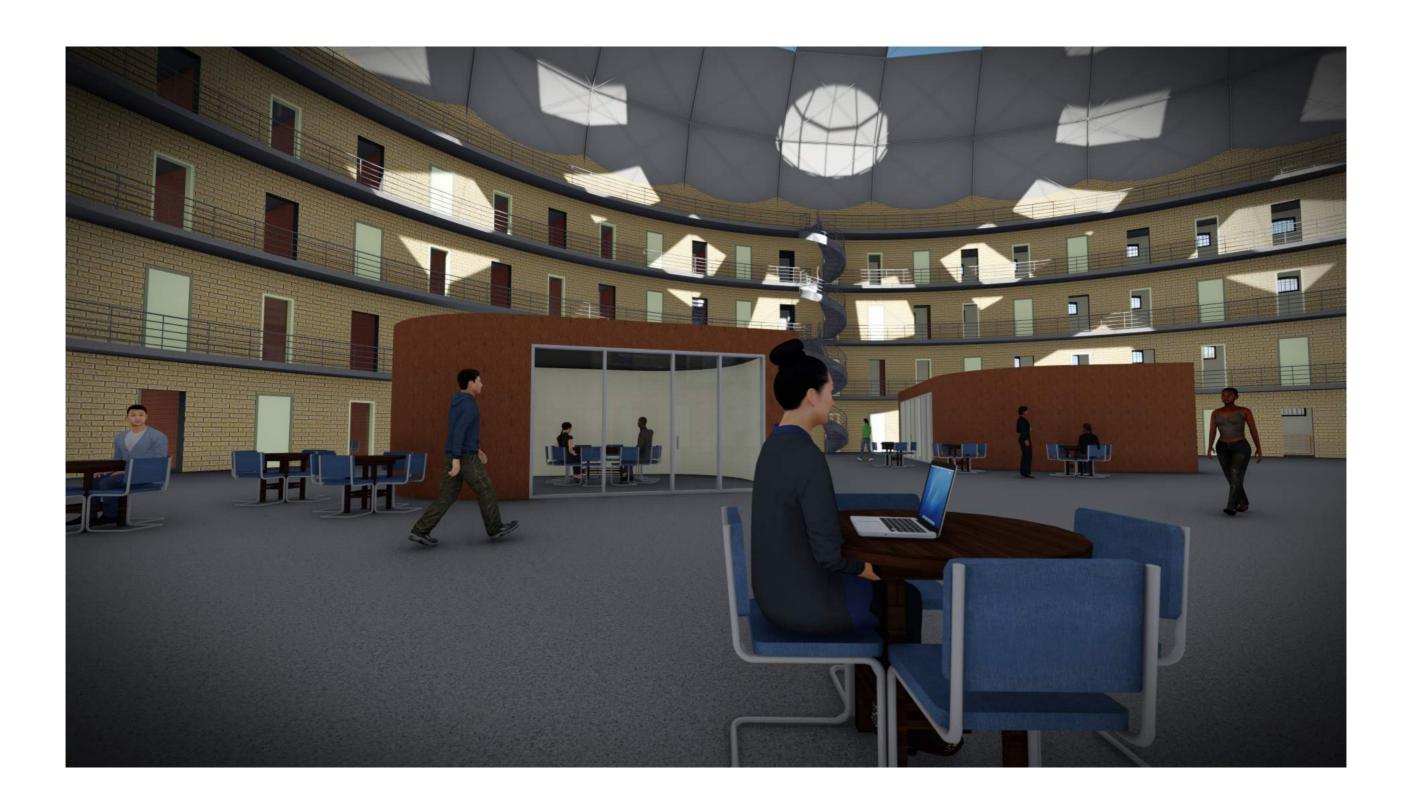
### **IMPRESSIONS**

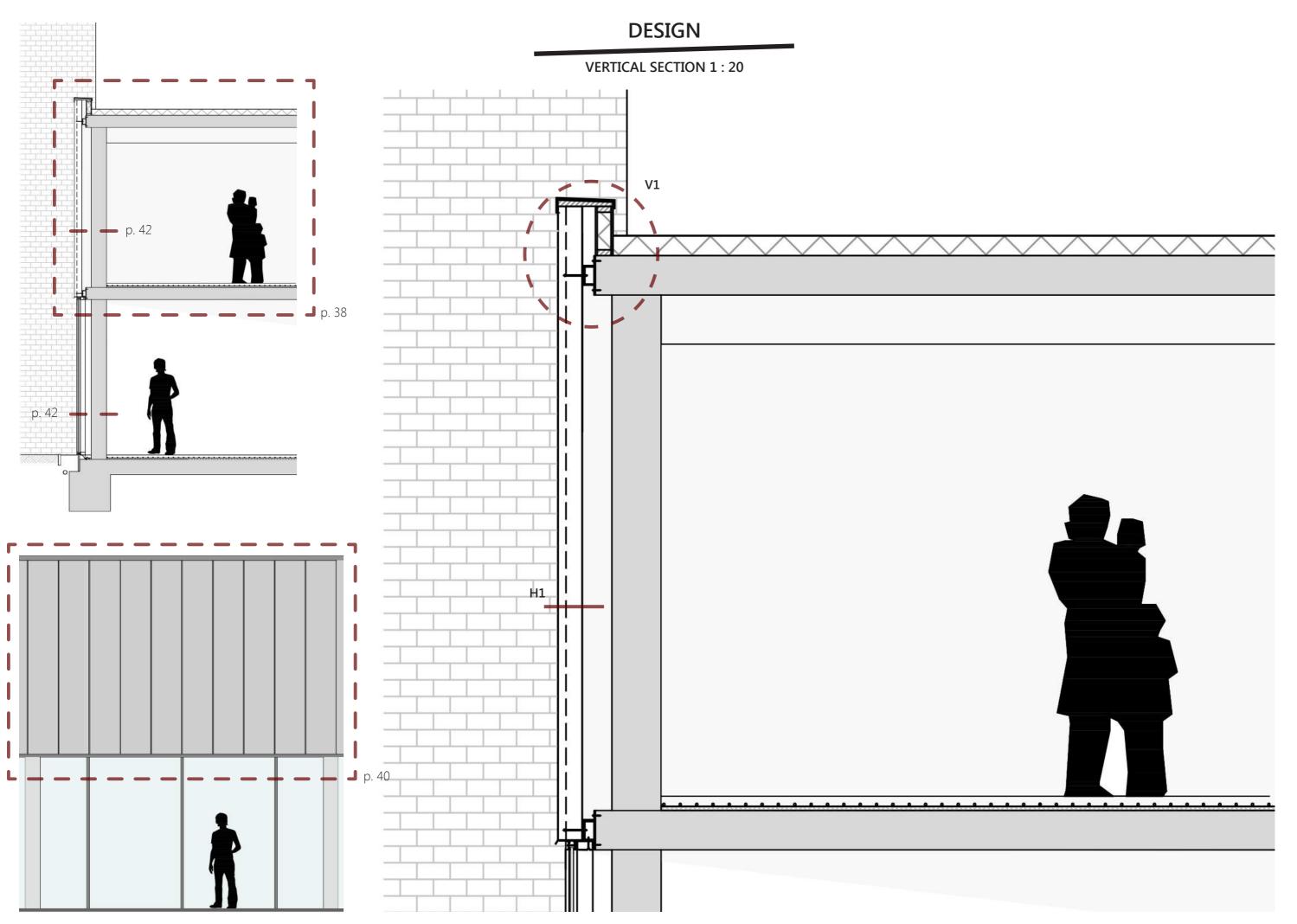


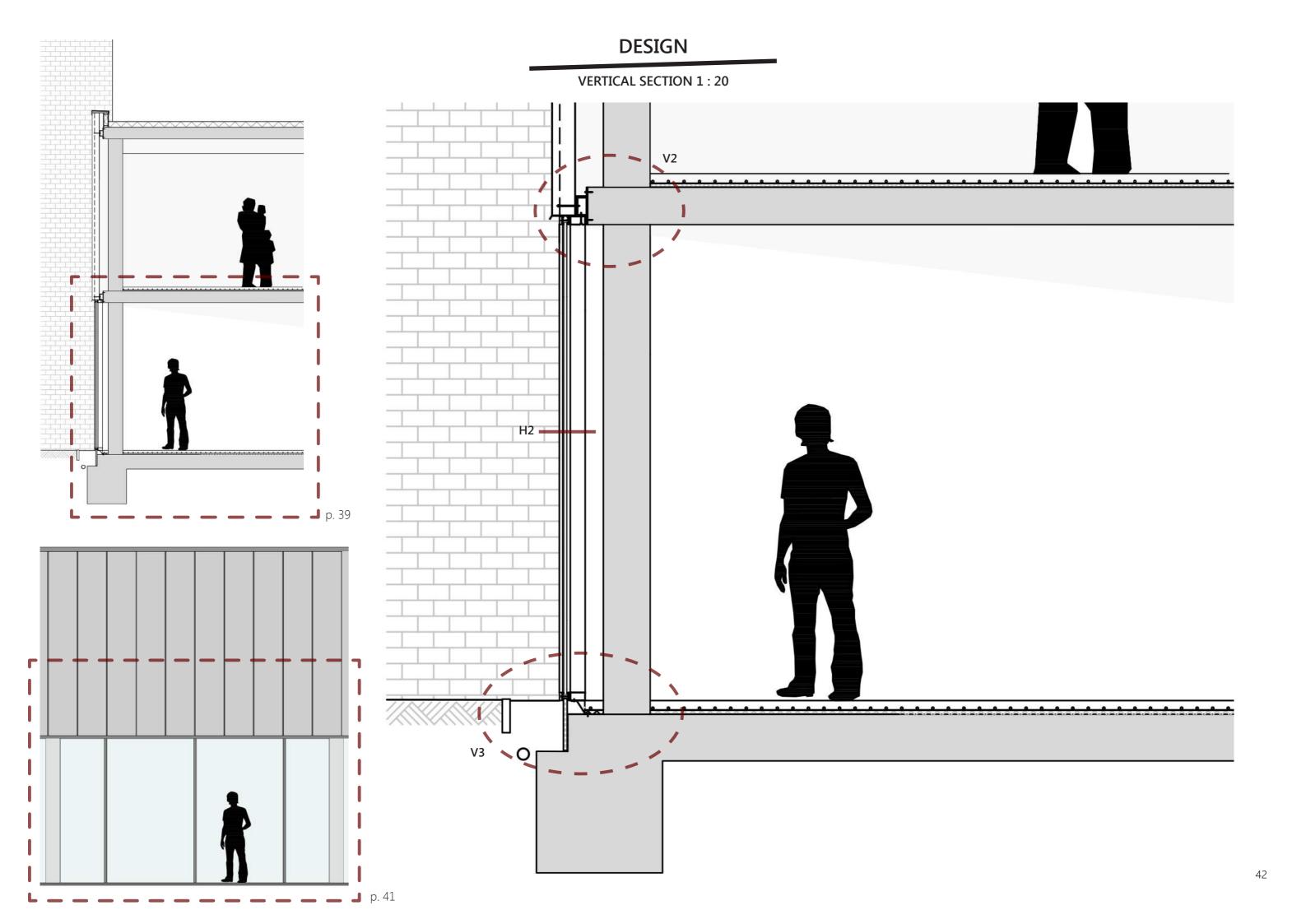
### **IMPRESSIONS**

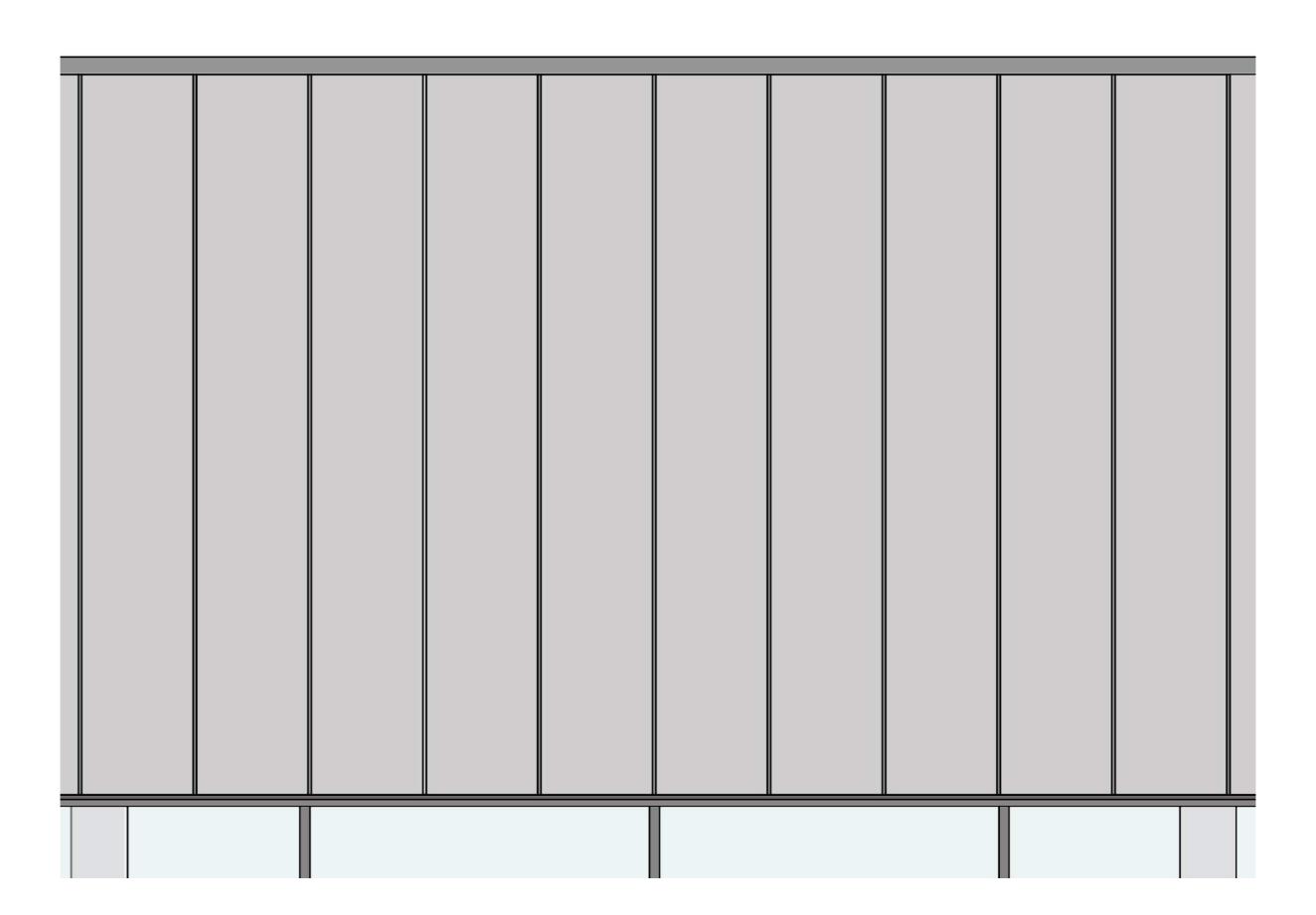


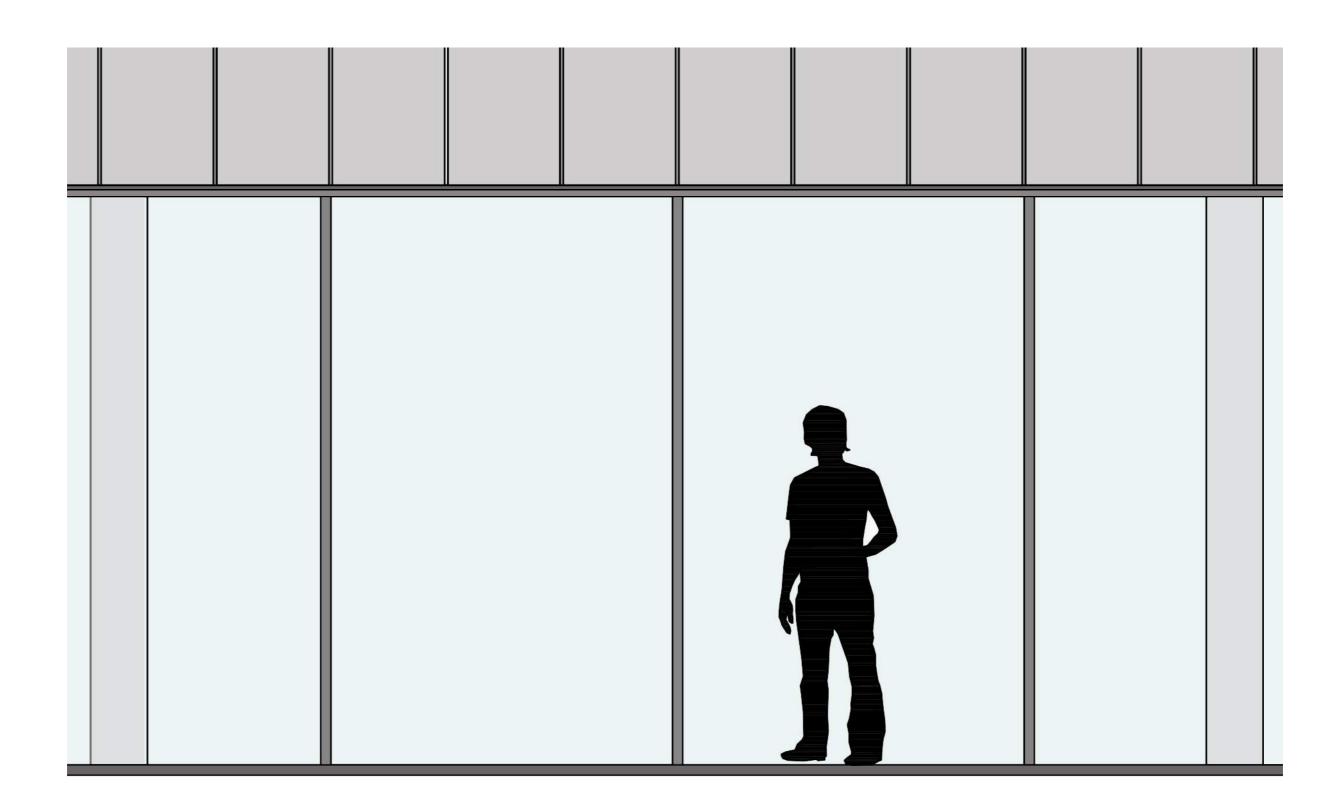
### **IMPRESSIONS**

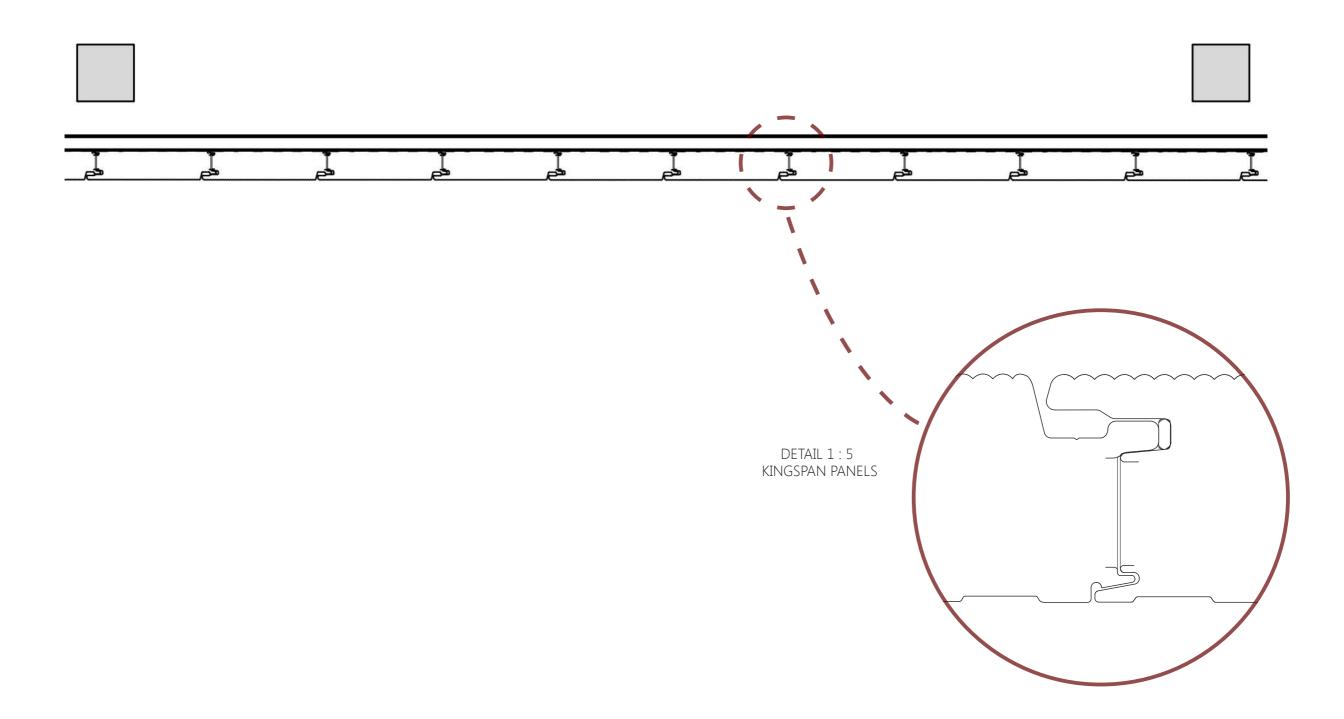




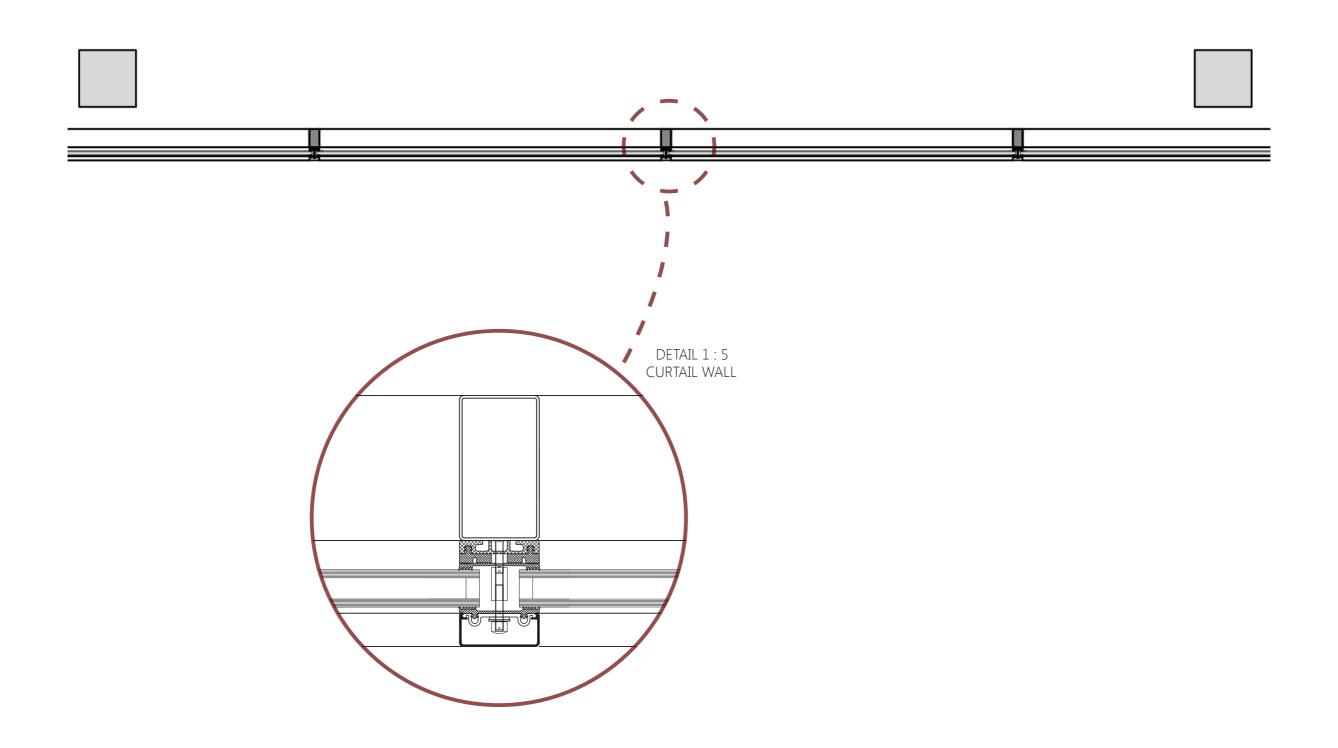




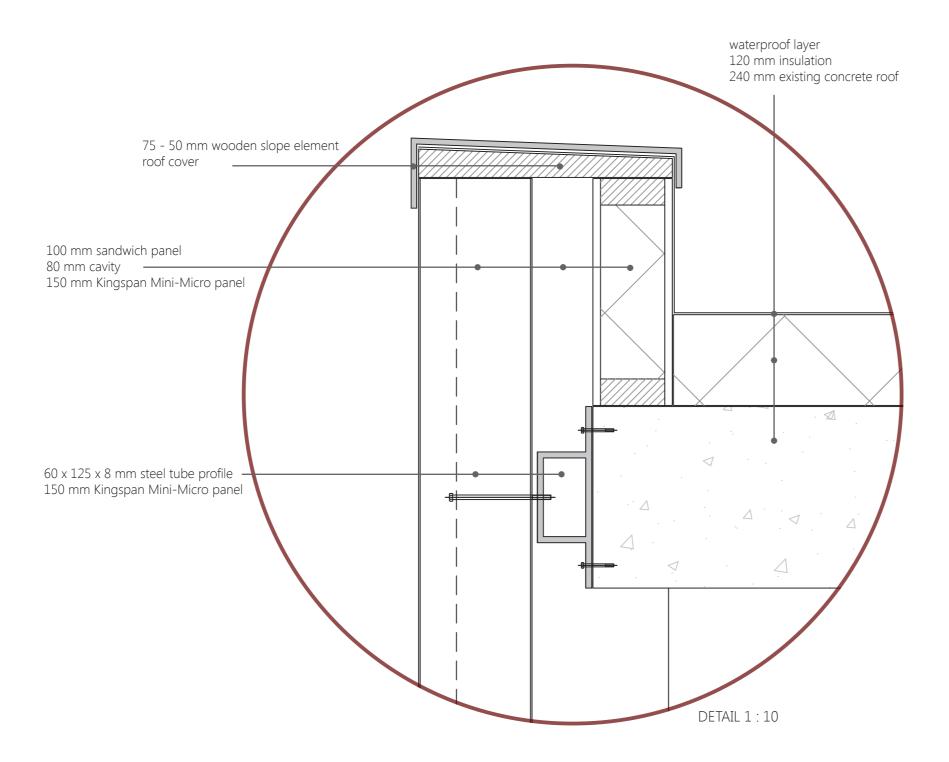




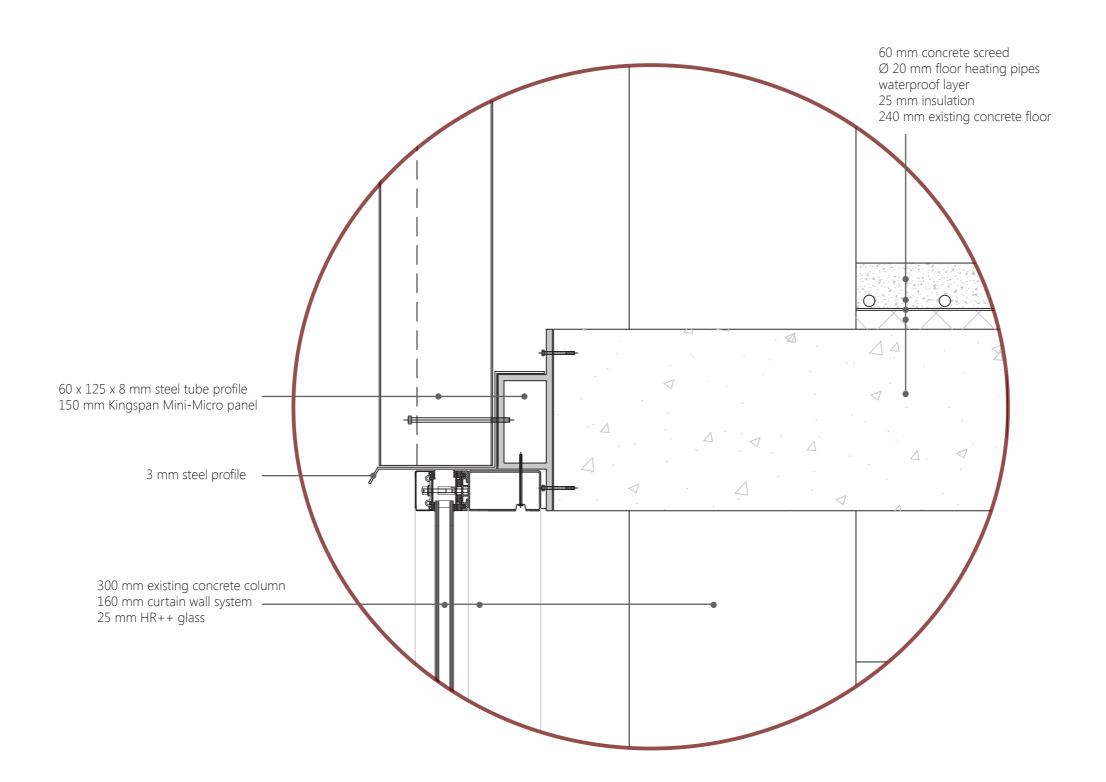
#### HORIZONTAL SECTION 1:20



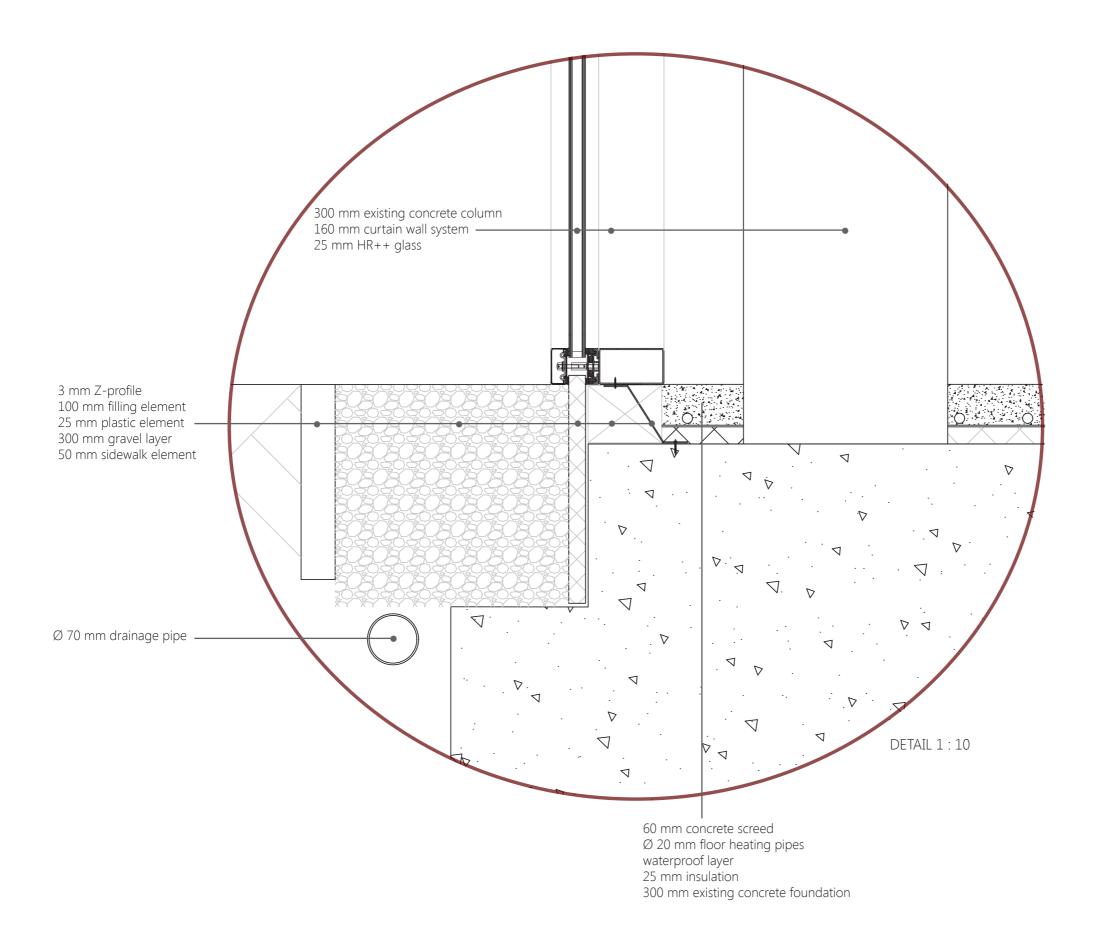
SECTION 1:10



SECTION 1:10

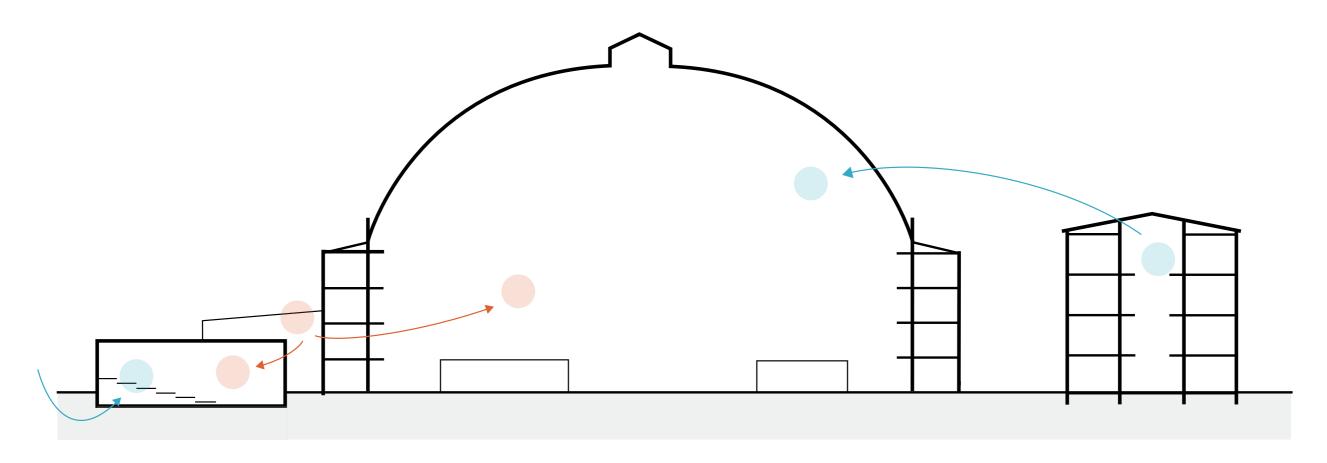


SECTION 1:10

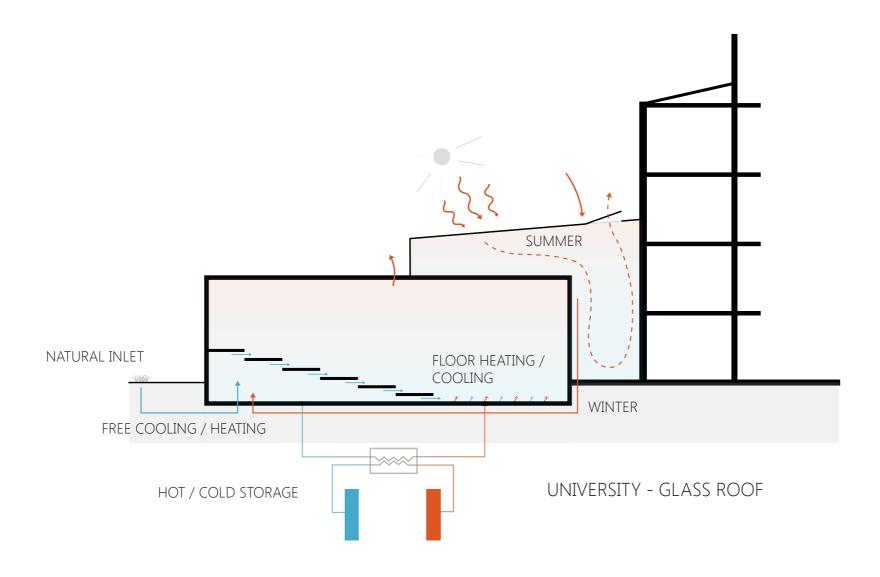


#### CLIMATE CONCEPT

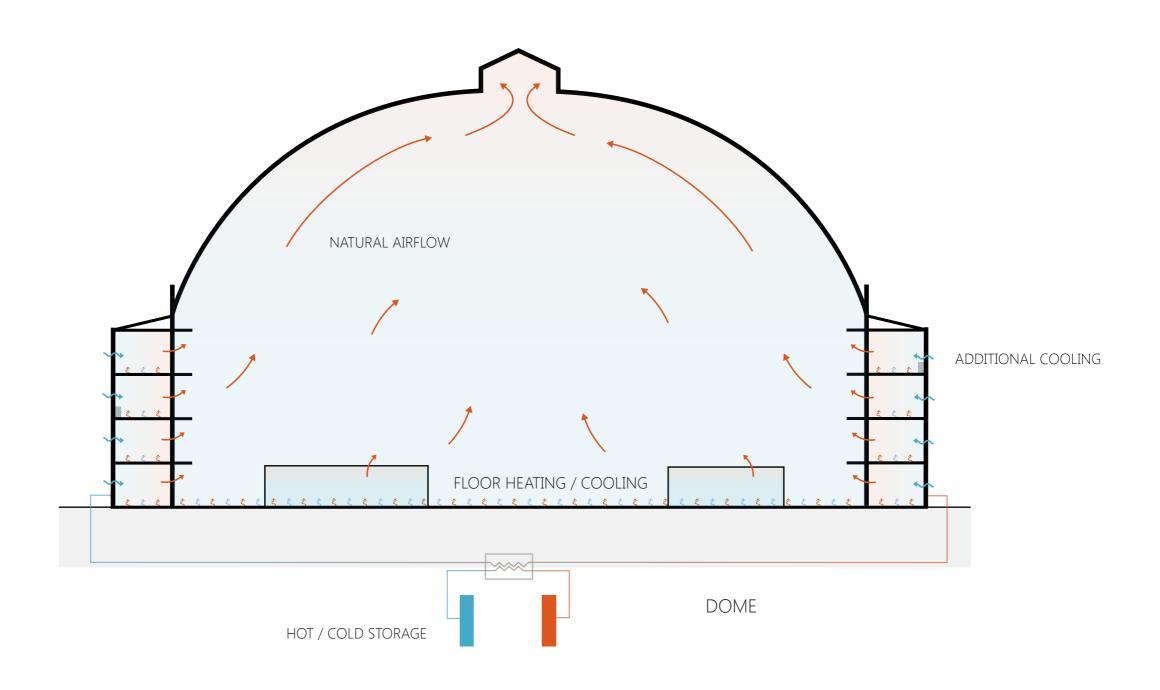
Combining the energy need in the most natural way. The shortage of heat and cold is supplemented by the surplus out of other building functions. This makes the climate concept a cross-border in the most **sustainable** way.



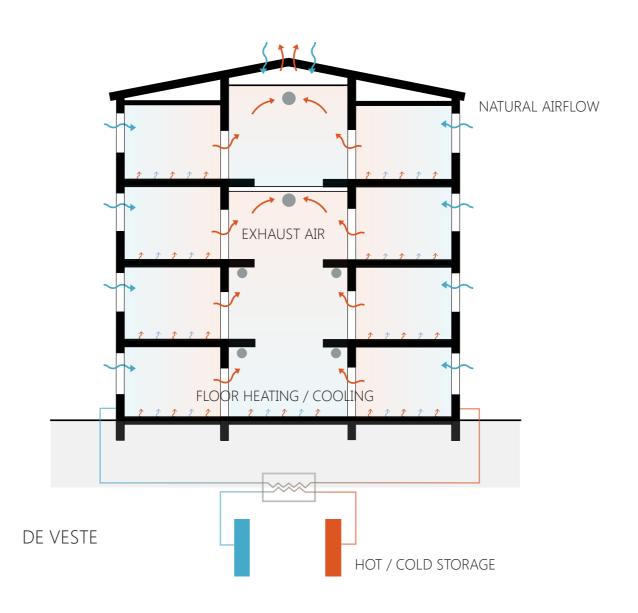
#### CLIMATE CONCEPT

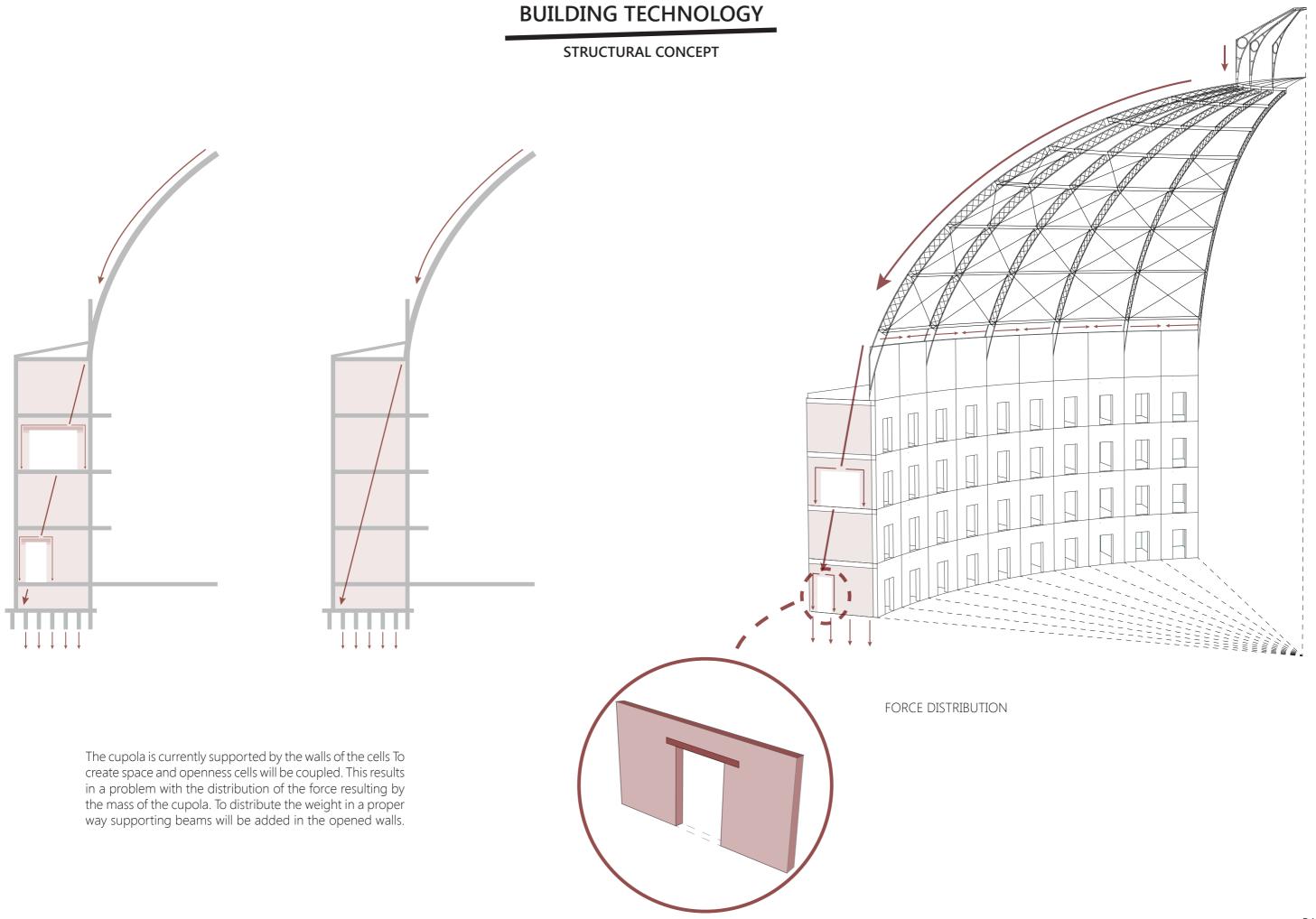


#### CLIMATE CONCEPT



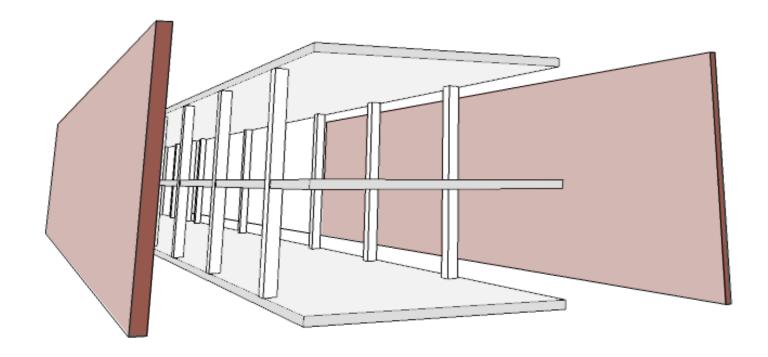
#### CLIMATE CONCEPT





#### STRUCTURAL CONCEPT

While the structural arrangement of the existing concrete buildings will be maintained, facades will be replaced by a new modern concept.



REUSE EXISTING STRUCTURE